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PRICE FIVE CENTS.

BOND ISSUE TRUMPHED OVER STRONG OPPOSITION WATER CLOUD HANGING STREET RAILWAY HEAVY OVER ORIENT FIGHT NEARS END

By Narrow Majority of 38
Votes the Bonds Are
Assured.

ATLANTA IS NOW CERTAIN
OF ADEQUATE WATER SERVICE

Council Will Act on the Issue at
Its Next Regular Meeting,
After Which Bids Will
Be at Once Adver-
tised For.

VOTES BY WARD.

	Regis- tered.	Polled.	For.	Against.
First Ward	460	818	312	6
Second Ward	819	588	527	11
Third Ward	513	235	277	18
Fourth Ward	611	383	378	5
Fifth Ward	471	811	277	84
Sixth Ward	779	640	683	7
Seventh Ward	156	109	107	2
Totals	3,709	2,684	2,511	88

By the narrow majority of 38 votes, in the face of the most cunningly contrived opposition, the water bonds were carried in yesterday's election.

Out of a total of 3,709 registered voters, 2,684 ballots were cast. Of this number 2,511 voters expressed themselves as in favor of the bonds and 88 against.

This gratifying result, attained after numerous long delays and accomplished after the bitterest sort of a fight, means that the city of Atlanta, which has long been miserably equipped in the matter of sufficient water mains, will at once issue \$300,000 in water bonds—a sum sufficient to relieve a situation which has been a menace to the city commercially as well as from the standpoint of health.

Never in the history of Atlanta has a similar election aroused a like degree of popular interest in men and women alike. This interest was substantially manifested all during the day. The water bonds were the sole topic of conversation, and when the polls closed at night and the result became known there was a general sigh of relief.

Now that the voters of Atlanta have expressed themselves, it only remains for the matter to be presented to council at its next meeting. Council will in turn refer the bond issue to the finance committee, which will advertise for bids. Owing to the city's splendid credit, it is expected that the bonds will realize as high as 106.

Two things militated strongly against the bonds yesterday. The weather during the forenoon was bad. Rain came down in a steady pour and many who would have otherwise voted were kept away from the polls. The second reason was the adroit tactics of the opposition, who conducted a brilliant campaign. This plan, owing to the fact that a failure to vote was equivalent to a vote against the bonds, was as simple as it might have proved effective. Hundreds were registered who had no intention of voting. This silent expression of disapproval began to be felt early in the day and up to a late hour in the afternoon it looked as if defeat were certain. At 3 o'clock in the afternoon the efforts of those favoring the bonds were renewed, and by the most persistent work the day was won.

Why this opposition should have existed is problematic. For weeks prior to the election the campaign looking toward defeat of the bonds was waged by means of cards and circulars urging voters to cast a negative ballot. In a large measure this zeal reacted in favor of the bonds. Many who had hitherto expressed but a remote degree of interest began to study the question and decided to register and vote affirmatively.

Rain Caused Despair.
The friends of the water bonds were almost in despair yesterday when the clouds began to gather and the rain fell. The voting in nearly all the wards had been comparatively light during the morning hours, and it was thought that the rain would keep the voters away from the polls in the afternoon.

As soon as the sun came out, however, the friends of the bonds took up their work with renewed energy. Citizens who were registered but who had not voted were called up by telephone and reminded of the fact. This plan was instrumental in bringing out a large number late in the afternoon, who might otherwise have neglected to vote.

Chief Joyner and the members of the fire department were not behind hand in jogging the memory of the registered voter, and it is probable that the plan carried out by the firemen was largely responsible for hundreds of votes that were cast between 3 o'clock and the hour of closing.

Firemen Boon the Bonds.
As soon as it was learned that voters were not appearing at the polls as had been expected, Fire Chief Joyner (immu-

CITY OFFICIALS ARE PLEASED WITH RESULT

JUDGE GEORGE HILLIER, president of the board of water commissioners, last night expressed himself as much gratified at the result of the election. His remarks were short and to the point. He said:

"I wish to assure everybody who voted against or opposed the bonds that the pipe will be purchased at the lowest attainable price for first class material and will be laid in the most economical manner for judicious and permanent location and best and most enduring work."

"I desire further to assure all of those who favored the bonds that the results will prove that they did a good and patriotic work for the city when they cast their ballots for the bonds."

"I feel confident that a handsome premium will be realized on the bonds because of the splendid credit that Atlanta enjoys. I have it from a gentleman prominent in financial circles that the water bonds ought to bring 106."

SUPERINTENDENT WOODWARD HAD FAITH IN THE OUTCOME

COLONEL PARK WOODWARD, superintendent of the water works department, stated last night that he was greatly pleased at the way in which the election had gone.

"I never lost hope," said he, "because I had the utmost confidence in the people. I felt all along that the public fully realized the great need of the bonds to enable the city to give ample fire protection to every part of the town and at the same time give water facilities to a large number of people who had been denied that necessity because there was no money with which to buy pipes."

"I'll admit that things began to look blue for the bonds when the rain began to fall, but we all took on fresh courage as soon as the sun came out in the afternoon. The friends of the bonds scored a victory the worth of which they will fully realize when the new pipes are laid. The increased revenue from the new pipes will, in ten years, pay the interest and the bonds. That is my firm belief. The bonds will enable the department to put down many miles of new pipes and the entire city will be greatly benefited when this work is completed."

On March 18th Colonel Woodward wrote out a list of the votes he expected would be cast in each ward for the bonds. The list was turned over to a reporter for The Constitution on the day it was made. A comparison between that list and the vote of yesterday shows that Colonel Woodward only missed the total by about 180 votes. His list was as follows:

For the bonds—First ward, 315; second ward, 510; third ward, 305; fourth ward, 400; fifth ward, 280; sixth ward, 615; seventh ward, 123. Total, 2,558. The total vote cast for bonds was 2,511.

Commissioner Litt Bloodworth, Jr., chairman of the pipe committee of the board of water commissioners, stated last night that he was immensely gratified at the manner in which Atlantans voted yesterday to extend and perfect the water works system.

FIRE CHIEF JOYNER SAYS IT MEANS BETTER PROTECTION

PROBABLY one of the most enthusiastic friends of the water bonds last night was Fire Chief Joyner. For weeks he has worked incessantly for the bonds and he felt a personal pride in the outcome of the election. Although ill, Chief Joyner refused to remain in his room, but insisted on getting out on the street and working for the bonds all day.

"I feel much relieved now that the bonds are carried," said Chief Joyner last night. "For a long time the fire department has been contending against the heaviest of odds. The city has grown every year, but unfortunately the water system has not grown with it. The water mains are too small and we are unable to cope with a conflagration. With a thirty-inch main across town now we can have twenty to thirty good streams of water on any fire in the center of the city, and that means protection."

"But while the \$300,000 will enable the water department to lay larger and more mains, yet the city should not stop at that. Why not never feel it. For each year or twenty cents discount a month on water bills, place that money in a fund to be used exclusively to keep up the system? Don't put such a plan into practice this year, but next. The average citizen gets a water bill, each month for eighty cents or a dollar. By paying before the 10th of the month he gets a small discount."

"To each consumer that sum does not amount to much. Let him give it up for the benefit of the water system. He would never feel it. For each year it would only amount to a few dollars a year. If the matter was left to a vote, I believe every man in the city would be in favor of such a plan. This discount would amount in the aggregate to between \$25,000 and \$30,000 and would be sufficient to keep the system in repairs and abreast of the progress being made by the city."

"Atlanta is not a cross-roads village any more, but has taken on metropolitan ways. Let her citizens keep up with other enterprising cities in the matter of water works. The city is constantly growing larger and there are hundreds of new consumers of water being added every year. This fund for the maintenance of the water system would be increasing all the time in proportion. Atlantans pay less for water than the citizens of almost any city in the country. We can well afford to create a fund for the sole purpose of keeping up the present excellent plant. We have plenty of water right at our doors; more pipes are what we need."

Immediately put into execution the plan that was destined to remind the forgetful that their votes were needed in the interest of the bonds. That end one of the large wagons of the fire department was put in shape and ten members of the firemen's drum corps were provided with seats in the vehicle.

Every man had a drum or bugle and were given explicit instructions to go through the business sections and make the welkin ring. "No man," said Chief Joyner, "can then say that he did not know that there was an election in progress." On each side of the wagon were painted banners with inscriptions calling attention to the bond election. The inscriptions were:

"We need your vote to help carry the water bonds." The words "your" and "water" were in red while the remainder of the sign was in black. The wagon and firemen attracted considerable attention, and Chief Joyner was complimented on every hand for his enterprise.

Last night, after it had been learned officially that the bonds had carried, the firemen's drum corps paraded the streets celebrating for occasion the members of the organization were in fine fettle and played as they had never played before. Crowds congregated on the corners to listen to the music.

NOTICES BY MESSENGERS.

About 2 o'clock members of the citizens' committee in the first ward learned that the voting for the bonds in that ward was not as brisk as had been wished, and a list of those who were registered in the first but had not then voted, was secured and a note was sent to fully fifty of these citizens requesting that they call at the polls before 6 o'clock and vote for the bonds. These notices were addressed to each voter personally, and were sent out by special messengers.

The form of the note was as follows: Atlanta, Ga., March 20, 1901—Dear Sir: We find that you are registered and have not voted for the water bonds. It is very necessary that you do, so please attend to this at once. Respectfully, J. R. Smith, O. B. Smith, V. R. Smith, R. A. Ward and W. P. Anderson. Please receipt this and answer.

At the second ward polls, which were located at the city hall, the friends of the bonds were very active in behalf of the issue. Hundreds of registered voters were called up by telephone and reminded of the fact. In nearly every instance the plea met with a ready response.

Judge George Hillier, president of the board of water commissioners, spent much of his time at the office of the board and in visiting other polling places to ascertain just how the election was progressing. He displayed the keenest interest in the voting, and had a word of encouragement for everyone. It at

Russia and Japan Are Rushing Their Battleships to Coasts of Korea.

of Korea.

BRITISH AND RUSSIANS GLARE AT ONE ANOTHER

Troops of Two Nations Face Each Other Defiantly at Tien Tsin, but Opinion Prevails That There Will Be No Bloodshed.

Shanghai, March 20.—A dispatch to The China Gazette from Tokio, March 20th, says that all the Russian warships in Japanese waters have sailed for Corea, and that the Japanese squadron is mobilizing for an immediate departure to the Korean coast.

Walderease Wouldn't Interfere. Tien Tsin, March 20.—General Campbell, the English commander, and General Wogack, commanding the Russians, met Count von Walderease upon his arrival here. Learning that both had received instructions from their governments, Count von Walderease said it was useless for him to give even an opinion regarding the matters at issue.

It is the general feeling in Tien Tsin that the trouble is not likely to reach a point where blood will be shed. Both detachments on guard have orders to do nothing aggressive unless forced to do so by the other.

Except the army and camp followers, the only Russians now residing here are the members of the consular staff, two Japanese who are in the city, and stores and who left Russia in order to save their lives. These are now being offered inducements to move to the Russian side.

The French consular staff is quiet. French gendarmes are on duty at the British concession to prevent the soldiers from trespassing, and Australian naval brigades are on duty at the Russian concession.

Ninety British marines arrived here last night from the Taku forts to replace the Indian guards on the disputed land.

A special train bearing reinforcements of Australian troops left Peking for Tien Tsin last night.

To Check French Troops. Peking, March 20.—The British reinforcements, consisting of ninety marines, which arrived at Tien Tsin last night from the Taku forts, to replace the Indian guards on the disputed land, are expected to arrive here today.

London, March 20.—At St. James palace this afternoon King Edward, wearing field marshal's uniform, received between forty and fifty deputations from various parts of the kingdom, bearing addresses of condolence and congratulation. His majesty made an acknowledgment to the general body, but separate replies to the Free Masons and to the deputation from Trinity college, Dublin. To the Trinity college, Dublin, deputation King Edward said:

"I echo the words used by her late majesty on her last visit to Ireland and have full faith that in the times of strenuous endeavor which are before us the sons of your ancient institution will each in his place play his due part in the maintenance and government of the empire, in the development of which your countrymen have figured so conspicuously."

Russia Demands an Apology. London, March 21.—General Wogack has written to Count von Walderease's arbitration at Tien Tsin, says the Peking correspondent of The Daily Mail, "are now openly aggressive, and it is believed that she is about to make further demands in connection with the Russian flag."

The officials of the foreign office here have received no information of an outbreak of Russian-British hostilities at Tien Tsin. Their latest advice thence is that the situation remains the same.

Threat Would Scare England. St. Petersburg, March 20.—The Russian press is not alarmed about the Tien Tsin affair. There is no mention of it in the official agency's dispatches, but a correspondent of The Novoe Vremya characterizes the disputes as unimportant. Another correspondent writes that a French diplomat as saying that an Anglo-Russian war is impossible and Russia need only threaten to support the British not only withdraw, but apologize for removing the Russian flag.

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WOLCOTT AND KNOX CHOSEN FOR MEMBERS OF CABINET

Plans for Consolidation Are Broached.

Pueblo, Col., March 20.—It is definitely known here that ex-Senator Wolcott, of Colorado, will be appointed by the president to be secretary of the interior to succeed Mr. Hitchcock. The news has been received by the friends of Mr. Wolcott in this city, the statement being made unequivocally, and it is indicated that the appointment will be made in Washington tomorrow.

Knox Will Succeed Griggs. Washington, March 20.—It is understood on high authority that the president has decided to appoint P. C. Knox, of Pittsburgh, to fill the vacancy in his cabinet that will be caused by the retirement of Attorney General Griggs on April 1st.

President Diaz Returns. Mexico City, March 20.—President Diaz arrived in the city this evening at 6:35 o'clock, after an absence of nearly three months. An immense crowd of people awaited him on the platform of the Mexican Central depot, which is the terminus of the Cuernavaca railroad. When the presidential train pulled up in the station the president appeared on the rear platform of the car and was greeted with cheers.

EX-SENATOR E. O. WOLCOTT, Of Colorado, who will Enter Mr. McKinley's Cabinet.

Joel Hurt Gives Dinner to Gill, Blackford and Others Interested in Street Railway. Affairs of Company Are Discussed.

Joel Hurt came back from New York yesterday. While in the east he is reported to have been in conference with H. M. Atkinson, T. Jefferson Colledge, Jr., president of the Old Colony Trust Company of Boston, and others interested in the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, in reference to the consolidation of the rival street railway interests in Atlanta.

It is a known fact that the consolidation of the two warring interests is being discussed by the financiers who have invested money in them, and that plans have been advanced for the merging of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company and the Atlanta Rapid Transit. It is understood, on information that comes from an absolutely authentic and reliable source, that consolidation is only a matter of a comparatively short time. It is safe to say that if the plans of the gentlemen who are trying to effect a consolidation of the two companies miscarry, they will be surprised.

An added significance was given the flood of rumors and reports of consolidation that have been put abroad during the past two weeks by a dinner given by Joel Hurt at the Capital City Club last night. His guests were General John A. Gill, president of the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, of Baltimore; Major William H. Blackford, president of the Maryland Life Insurance Company, of Baltimore; Colonel J. J. Lowry, Jr., of Fort Payne, Captain Clifford L. Anderson, Judge H. B. Tompkins and E. Woodruff. Interested as Bondholders.

All of these gentlemen are interested in the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, either as bondholders, attorneys or officers. General Gill and Major Blackford arrived in Atlanta yesterday. The dinner was given principally for the purpose of discussing business matters pertaining to the Atlanta Railway and Power Company.

It was nearly midnight before the dinner left the club. Mr. Hurt was seen after the dinner was over. He denied specifically that the dinner was held to discuss or arrange plans for the proposed consolidation. "All my guests," he said, "were interested in one way or another in the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, and it was to talk over in a general way the interests of that company that we met. We discussed matters pertaining to the condition of the company, and went over its affairs."

"I have not, personally, interested myself either to further hinder any plans looking to a consolidation of our company with rival interests. No such consolidation has been effected yet."

Mr. Hurt's attention was called to a record of a mortgage for the nominal consideration of \$1 from the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee Company to the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, dated March 11th and covering all the property of the latter company, valued at \$500,000. Mr. Hurt said:

"That mortgage was involved in the old consolidation, and has simply been cancelled. It has no present significance."

A well-known local financier, who is cognizant of all the steps that have been taken looking toward the proposed street railway interests, and who speaks with authority, said yesterday:

"While the two interests have not been consolidated yet, it may come later. The negotiations may drag and the end may be arrived at slowly. It is being worked on now, and various plans have been suggested. It has always been the history of these bitter street railway wars that the two rivals were consolidated. It is an almost inevitable result. Such fights mean endless litigation and cost large sums of money. They result in no good to anyone. It is far from improbable that the fight in Atlanta will end in a consolidation. As is known, plans are now afoot to effect the consolidation, and it is likely to be crowned with success."

FOR MURDERING RICHARDSON Sealed Indictments Against Two Men—Widow To Give Evidence. Savannah, Ga., March 20.—A story is in circulation here to the effect that sealed indictments were returned by the special grand jury against two men for the murder of Millionaire Frank W. Richardson, who was killed at the door of his wife's bedroom on the night of December 24th. It is said that the indictments will not be made public until after Mrs. Addie L. Richardson, who was recently indicted for murder in the first degree, has been tried for the crime.

It is alleged that Mrs. Richardson will give evidence against the two men if she is acquitted of the charge on which she has been indicted. Mrs. Richardson is to be tried on May 25th.

VETERAN SENTENCED TO DIE. David Winget Is To Be Executed for Murder. Columbus, O., March 20.—David Winget, an old soldier, was received at the penitentiary today from Sandusky, under sentence to be electrocuted June 25th, for the murder of Frederick Blanche, who was an inmate of the Soldiers' home, at Sandusky, and killed Blanche in a drunken quarrel. He was convicted once before for the same crime, but was granted a new trial. Prominent Grand Army of the Republic men all over the country interested themselves in his behalf.

UNITED STATES STEEL TRUST. Time for Depositing Stocks Is Extended by the Syndicate. New York, March 20.—J. P. Morgan & Co., the syndicate managers of the United States Steel Corporation, have under date of March 21st sent a circular letter to the shareholders of the constituent companies informing them that the time for depositing the common and preferred stocks which expired by limitation today, has been extended until and including April 1st, next.

In the circular it is declared that over 90 per cent of each of the issues of the various stocks has thus far been deposited in accordance with the terms of the managers. The extension is granted because it was found physically impossible by many of the shareholders to deposit their certificates within the time originally named.

JOHN PONDIE PASSES AWAY. At One Period He Was a Power in Wall Street. New York, March 20.—John Pondie, for twenty-five years one of Wall street's most picturesque figures, and one of the most influential and prominent operators in "the street," is dead at his residence in this city. He had been in feeble health for several years. As broker for Tremor W. Park and engaged with Jay Gould in the affairs of the Union Pacific railroad

he made his presence felt in the "street" when he became a member of the stock exchange. Mr. Pondie met with heavy losses just prior to his withdrawal from Wall street, and his financial condition has been strained of late years.

THEY FEAR A BLOODY CRASH. Killing of Haldeman Likely To Result in a Feud. Elkins, W. Va., March 20.—A feud, it is feared, will arise over the shooting and killing yesterday of Benjamin Haldeman at the lumber camp at Weaver, five miles west of here, by Payton Stipes, a boy of twenty. Haldeman had the reputation of being the terror of Weaver and of Durbin, at both of which settlements he was said to have run "speakeasies." He is also credited with having whipped a dozen men in as many encounters so severely that they nearly died. Men of both sides, it is reported, began arming immediately after the tragedy, and a bloody clash is feared.

Underwriters in Session. Newport News, Va., March 20.—The semi-annual convention of the National Fire Underwriters' Association began its sessions at Old Point Comfort today. President J. M. Decamp, of Cincinnati, delivered his annual address. All business was transacted behind closed doors. The convention will continue tomorrow.

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Continued on Fourth Page.

BULLET WENT THROUGH HEAD

Claud B. James Gives W. C. Harris a Fatal Wound.

BOTH PROMINENT CITIZENS

Shooting Occurred on One of Albany's Well-Filled Streets, and Although Street Attention — Harris Is Dying.

Albany, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Shortly before 8 o'clock this evening a single pistol shot was heard on Jackson street, not fifty yards from the corner of Broad. Parties who investigated found Claud B. James with a smoking pistol in his hand and W. C. Harris leaning for support against a convenient wall. Harris was heard to exclaim: "Well, you have killed me," repeating the words several times. "I hope not," replied James.

There were no eye-witnesses to the difficulty. Harris had been drinking. While James was on his way home, he heard Harris talking rather boisterously in front of his residence. James approached the place, protested to Harris, and after a few moments the two walked together down the street. When in front of Farwa's stable they stopped and began arguing. Sharp words were heard by several parties, and presently the pistol shot.

Harris staggered back against the wall of the stable, but did not fall. B. J. Mann, who was near, ran to him and assisted him to his home. Harris walked nearly the entire distance, supported on one side by Mann and on the other by James.

Just before reaching his gate his strength failed and he sank down unconscious. Physicians were summoned, and found that a small bullet had entered Harris' head near the bridge of the nose, ranging downward and passing out at the base of the neck.

The wound was pronounced necessarily fatal, and at 11 o'clock Harris was dying. James stated that he shot Harris accidentally. He said:

"Harris was about to strike me with a knife, and I threw up my pistol to catch the blow. The weapon was discharged without intent. I deplore the affair more deeply than I can tell."

James gave himself up to the authorities. He is under arrest at the home of an officer. C. B. James is Albany's agent at the Southern Express Company, and a man of high standing in the community. He is a prominent Mason, being worshipful master of the Albany lodge. He was married only a few months ago to a young lady who belongs to one of the most prominent families in this section. W. C. Harris has a wife and two children, the eldest of whom is nearly grown. Mrs. Harris is a daughter of Rev. J. L. Underwood, of Camilla. Harris is popular with a wide circle of friends throughout this section.

SHE WILL FACE A JURY AGAIN

Mrs. Dixon Is To Be Arraigned for Killing Her Husband.

Waycross, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Johnson county court is in session. Both the civil and criminal dockets are heavy, and it is believed an adjourned term will be necessary. The trial of Mrs. Dixon for the murder of her husband will be first on the docket. Mrs. Dixon arrived Saturday and has been under guard at the courthouse since her arrival. At the last term her case was tried and a mistrial was declared. It is thought by many that a change of venue will be asked for.

An All Day Service

A big all day meeting was held at White Hall church yesterday under the auspices of the Congregationalists. This church is four miles directly east of Waycross, and its origin dates back a quarter of a century.

Negroes To Start a Paper

Waycross, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The colored people of Waycross are talking of establishing a newspaper. Prominent men of that race are at the head of the scheme.



"Could Not Sleep."

Sleeplessness marks the very climax of human misery. It is only a step removed from insanity. When sleep no longer restores the exhausted nature, the struggle with disease cannot last long. The starting point of the nervous disorders which produce sleeplessness is a diseased condition of the woman's organs. Restore these organs to sound health and the appetite comes back, the day's work no longer wearies, and sleep is sound and refreshing. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures diseases of the woman's organs. It stops the drains which weaken women; it heals the inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics. It is a temperance medicine.

"My health has been poor for many years and I have taken a great deal of medicine, but it did me no good," writes Mrs. Rose Kennedy, of Springfield, Adams Co., Mo. "Last August my health was very poor; I had no appetite and could not sleep. I wrote to Dr. Pierce and he kindly advised me to take his 'Favorite Prescription.' I took five bottles of the 'Prescription' and one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and I feel like a new woman."

Cure sick headache by using Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

LIVINGSTON IS IMPROVING

Congressman's Condition Much More Encouraging.

ABSOLUTE BEST IS NEEDED

Restless Night Is Followed by a Decided Improvement, His Doctors Say.

Washington, March 20.—(Special.)—Representative Livingston seems to be slowly but steadily improving. His son states that Colonel Livingston passed a somewhat restless night, but this morning and today showed signs of improvement. His temperature is normal and together the attending physician announces his condition greatly improved from what it was a few days ago. Careful nursing and absolute rest is needed to prevent a relapse. This information was very encouraging to the large number of Colonel Livingston's friends throughout the city.

HE IS BACK FROM NEW YORK

Brobron Returns to Brunswick Full of Confidence.

Brunswick, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Edwin Brobron has returned from New York where he has been for the past three weeks, having taken in Washington, Atlanta and Madison on his return trip. He reports great interest in Brunswick and the Brunswick and Birmingham railroad. Confidence in the enterprise and in Colonel Machen's ability to carry out his plans is expressed. He says that Colonel Machen has abundance of capital behind him and is happy.

While in New York Mr. Brobron talked with Judge Howland, Mr. O'Shaughnessy and Hon. Hiram R. Stearns. They all expressed utmost confidence in the Brunswick and Birmingham project and said that there was no doubt that Colonel Machen would carry it through rapidly to completion.

The bonds for the road were being engraved and will be ready for delivery in a few days. Colonel Machen has already made arrangements to place them at a high price, much higher than new securities usually sell for. Mr. Brobron says Colonel Machen will be here in a few days and will vigorously push the work and will probably have the road in operation as far as the Birmingham district within the next two years, which necessarily means a most rapid construction.

WILL BE LAID TO REST TODAY

Remains of Mr. Wesley Nance Carried to the Lumpkin Home.

Athens, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The remains of Mr. Wesley Nance, who died Tuesday afternoon at the home of his son, Dr. A. L. Nance, of Gainesville, Ga., arrived in Athens today and were carried to the residence of Mr. William H. Lumpkin, a few miles from this city. The interment will take place tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock at the burial ground of Mr. Lumpkin.

Mr. Nance was ninety-three years of age, and was a remarkable old man. He was during his younger days and up to a recent date a citizen of Clarke county.

Everybody knew of the Wesley Nance place, for his home was noted as one of the most hospitable homes in Georgia. Nothing gave him as much pleasure as the entertaining of his friends. He was a devout Methodist and a great friend of the late Bishop Pierce and the late Bishop Dozier. He was frequently visited by his sons. His life abounded in good deeds, and he counted his friends by the hundreds.

ATHENS WANTS THE LIBRARY

Council Will Pass Upon the Carnegie Offer.

Athens, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There seems to be little doubt about Athens securing a \$50,000 public library from Andrew Carnegie. Within the next few days Mayor Smith will convene the council in special session to determine whether or not the city will appropriate the sum of \$25,000 for the purchase of the library. The sentiment in favor of the city taking such a step is strong, and it will no doubt be taken.

As soon as the city is definitely settled, a subscription list will be started among the citizens to secure money with which to purchase a site for the library. Mayor Smith has had assurance from Carnegie that the necessary amount can be raised for this purpose.

The entire matter will be under good headway within the next few days.

BOY IS GIVEN SIX MONTHS

Lad of Eleven Years Is Sentenced to the Chaingangs.

Savannah, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—David Stanley, white boy eleven years of age, entered a plea of guilty to the charge of burglary in the superior court this morning to be punished as for a misdemeanor, and was fined \$50 and costs, with the alternative of six months on the county chaingangs. It is probable that Stanley will go to the gang. He was arrested a short time ago with three other boys, one younger than himself, for burglarizing the store of the Palmer Hardware Company. The boys had the stolen goods when arrested and confessed the crime. Stanley said today that while he did not break into the store himself, he was given some of the money and stolen goods. The other boys have not been tried.

Athens Real Estate

Athens, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The city assessors of real estate have almost completed their work. They will finish tomorrow, and will then be ready in a few days to turn over their books to the city authorities.

The assessors find that real estate in Athens is holding its own, and that, while there is no great increase in values, there is at the same time an evidence that the bottom of the market has been reached.

Athens' Stock of Cotton.

Athens, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—There is now on hand in the Athens warehouses about seven thousand bales of cotton, the remainder of receipts of over sixty thousand bales.

HUNTER SECRETED IN SWAMP

Negro Who Assaulted a Child Near Lavonia Surrounded.

ESCAPED THE OFFICERS ONCE

Fugitive Was Bold Enough To Return to His Home After Getting Away.

Lavonia, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—John Hunter, who escaped from the officers Saturday, came back home after making his escape, got his clothes, pistol and a dollar in money and after being refused lodging by Martin Hardy and Zack Anderson, two of his former negro friends, he came to a while in the barn of Robert Bruce and crossed at Sheela's ferry into South Carolina early Sunday morning and is now in a large swamp near Oakway, S. C. Pursuers have found where he had cooked a meal in the swamp. A reward of \$100, dead or alive, has been offered by Sheriff Kidd, of Hart county, backed by reliable men. If Hunter is captured at once the reward will be asked to offer an additional reward. A phone message was received this morning from Oakway, S. C., and a large number of hawks and buzzards loaded with determined men have gone.

THE COMPANY CLAIMS FRAUD

Payment of Insurance Money Being Resisted.

Columbus, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—In the federal court here today an injunction suit was filed by the Royal Union Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Iowa, against Misses Emily and Rena Burt and Mrs. A. T. Smith, of Marion county. The company seeks to enjoin these ladies from collecting insurance policies with it, amounting to \$7,000 held by their brother, Hudson Harper Burt, of Brantley, Ga. Burt died in November, 1900, leaving the insurance to his sisters. The company now claims that the insurance was gained by fraudulent representations; that the insured claimed that he had never been rejected by other companies, whereas he had, and that he constantly drank alcoholic stimulants; that excessive drinking was the cause of his death. In his application insured had averred that he drank only a gallon of whiskey a year. The company offers to refund premiums amounting to about \$300.

BOTH BURIED AT SAME TIME

Funeral of Dead Engineer and Fireman in Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Two sad funeral corteges went their way today to Linwood cemetery this afternoon, one that of Engineer W. A. Wright, and the other that of Fireman Joseph S. Key, both killed in yesterday's Central wreck. The funerals occurred at the same hour. There were several hundred persons in the cemetery. The funeral of Wright was held at 2 o'clock, and the funeral of Key was resumed on the Columbus and Rome today, the track having been repaired.

CROOKED WITH A STOCKING

Infant Is Murdered and Tossed Into the Chattahoochee.

Columbus, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The body of a female white infant was found in the Chattahoochee river here today wrapped in a sack. The sack was seen by boys on the shore, and when they fished it out they found a baby which had been choked to death by a stocking tied around its neck. It is thought that the body was thrown in from the bridges last night. The baby was only an hour or so old when murdered. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of infanticide. There is no clew to the murderer.

THE CLASS TREE IS PLANTED

North Georgia Agricultural College Students Observe the Day.

Dalhousie, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The graduating class of the North Georgia Agricultural college observed class day by planting a class tree. The literary exercises were held in the afternoon. The programme was: Music—College brass band. Address by the Dux—"Responsibility"—Carl Shutz. Class History—S. A. Harris. Music—College band. Class Prophecy—L. P. Soebese. Class Poem—J. W. West. Music—College band. Address—President J. S. Stewart. Music—College band.

At the conclusion of the programme the ceremony of planting the tree occurred on the college campus. The battalion of cadets was drawn up in three companies, flanked on the left by the cannon squad and backed by the cadet band. A salute of ten volleys, signifying the number of members in the class, was fired, first by the cannon squad, then by the band. The exercises were concluded with prayer by Professor J. W. Boyd.

Graduating classes for this year are as follows:

A. B. students—A. A. Harris, A. J. Wheelchel, J. W. West, Carl Shutz; business students—W. T. Farrar, W. N. Scott, D. C. Stow, H. McGrath, L. P. Soebese.

Little Boy's Broken Leg

Athens, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Hutchison sustained a painful injury to his leg while playing in the yard at his home in this city. The little fellow sustained a fall from one of his legs, believing in God were saved, while the dislocated leg was injured. Dr. D. D. Quillian was called in, and the leg was set. The boy is now getting along nicely.

A Hamilton Residence Burns

Hamilton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The handsome residence, with half the furniture, of Mrs. S. R. Murphy, of this place, was burned this morning at 3 o'clock. The fire originated in the chimney, from some defect in the chimney. The house was not insured, but the furniture was.

A DELICATE CHILD

Let a delicate child take a little Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil after breakfast or dinner—not too much—too much will upset the stomach.

Better too little than too much. The effect will be slow; it ought to be slow. In a week, you will see it began the first day. Don't be in a hurry.

We'll send you a bottle to try if you like. SCOTT & BOWNE, 405 Pearl Street, New York

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people. Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scurful Scald Head Salt Rheum, Boils, Pimples, All Kinds of Mucous, Psoriasis, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Carrh, Malaria, Etc. All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

TAYLOR IN STETSON'S PLACE

American National Bank's Board of Directors Meet.

VICE PRESIDENT IS ELECTED

One of Macon's Successful Financial Institutions Shows Slight Change.

Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The board of directors of the American National Bank met today for the purpose of electing a successor to Vice President J. D. Stetson, deceased. R. J. Taylor was unanimously chosen to the position. He has for years been identified with the institution as a director and is one of the largest stockholders. Mr. Taylor is one of Macon's most popular citizens and successful business men. He removed from Hawkinsville to Macon in 1888 and has been connected ever since with large commercial enterprises in this city. He was one of the organizers and the treasurer and general manager of the Southern Phosphate works. He is now president of the Taylor & Peck Drug Company.

Mr. Taylor is in every way well qualified to fill the position vacated by Stetson, and will help to maintain the present popularity and high standing of the American National Bank. J. M. Johnson, the former cashier, is president of the institution, and L. P. Hilly continues as cashier, a place which he has so ably filled since the day he aided in the organization of the bank.

A committee was appointed, consisting of Directors McEwen Johnston, R. A. Merritt, Stephen Popper and C. A. Turner, to read resolutions on the death of Vice President Stetson.

WILL PREACH TO THE ELKS

Rev. F. F. Reese Will Preach to the Macon Lodge on Next Sunday.

Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Rev. F. F. Reese, pastor of the First Baptist church, will preach a sermon next Sunday morning to the Macon lodge of Elks. The Elks will assemble at their lodge room, 120 North Second street, at 10 o'clock and proceed in a body to the church. The Macon lodge is perhaps the largest in the state. It has nearly four hundred members, and is expected that at least 200 of them will be in attendance on Mr. Reese's sermon. The Macon lodge is growing rapidly. The installation of officers will take place on the first Tuesday night in April.

WILL EXCHANGE ENGINES

The American Fire Engine Company Will Correct the Mistake.

Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The American Fire Engine Company, of Seneca, N. Y., has telegraphed to the city authorities that it will send a representative to Macon to correct the mistake of the city not accepting the new engine just received from the company. It is claimed that the new engine does not come up to specifications. His discourses are listened to with deep and close interest and attention. The exercises were concluded with prayer by Professor J. W. Boyd.

DR. LANDRUM, OF ATLANTA

Large Congregations Hear Him at First Baptist Church in Macon.

Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Dr. W. H. Landrum, of Atlanta, is giving a series of services at the First Baptist church in Macon. He is delivering able and very eloquent sermons to large congregations. His discourses are listened to with deep and close interest and attention. The exercises were concluded with prayer by Professor J. W. Boyd.

Dr. Landrum said that in smallpox epidemics those who believed in vaccine were saved, and those who did not were damned. He said in private life those who believed in living within their incomes were saved, and those who did not were damned. He declared that nations which believed in God were saved, while the disbelievers were damned. He said that believers were saved and the disbelievers were damned.

Dr. Landrum is a great favorite in Macon and large congregations hear him with interest.

NEWS NOTES FROM MACON

Macon, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—The funeral services of Dr. J. S. Sare were held this afternoon from his late residence and were attended by many friends of the deceased.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES MEET

Plans for Two New Buildings at Milledgeville Accepted.

Milledgeville, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—A call meeting of the full board of the trustees of the state sanitarium brought every member of that board to the institution today. Dr. Eugene Foster, of Augusta, president; R. B. Nisbet, of Easton, Ga., secretary; J. H. Van Buren, of Grisswoldville; Mr. Brantley Waycross; J. S. Montgomery, of Thomasville; Joel Brannan, of Rome; G. D. Case, of Macon; J. M. Eldridge, of Atlanta; J. T. Oglesby, of McDonough.

The business of the meeting was to let contracts for a quarter's supplies, and as a most important feature to accept plans for the erection of the two new buildings which are now greatly needed on account of the crowded condition of the institution. The designs submitted by Mr. G. Lucke, an Atlanta architect, were adopted by the board and bids for the erection of these buildings according to the plans and specifications submitted by Mr. G. Lucke will be received and passed on thirty days from today. According to the plans, the buildings will be when completed models of convenience. They will afford accommodations for one thousand people and will be thoroughly equipped with dining halls, kitchen, bath rooms, recreation yards, a complete system of heating and sewerage and every necessity.

SIX OUNCES OF LAUDANUM

Augusta Man Empties Three Two Ounce Bottles.

WAS DYING WHEN FOUND

Brinson Writes a Letter to Proprietor of a Savannah Hotel, Goes Quietly to His Room and Then Takes His Own Life.

Savannah, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Austin C. Brinson, a young man of Augusta, who had been in the railway news business on the Central of Georgia for several years, was found in a dying condition in his room at the Severein this morning. Brinson had been in Savannah less than a week and apparently was simply laying off to take a rest and enjoy himself. He had friends and acquaintances here and spent most of his time with the sporting element. During yesterday Brinson went to three different drug stores and purchased from each a two-ounce vial of laudanum, giving a different reason at each place as to the use to which he intended to put the drug. Some time during the night he took the contents of all three. He was not discovered until 8 o'clock this morning, and though still alive was too far gone for recovery.

Brinson's home is in Augusta, where he has a mother, brother and other relatives. A. C. Brinson of the Perkins Lumber Company, of Augusta, is his uncle. Brinson left a letter in his room addressed to Proprietor Dub, which reads as follows: "Write my uncle, A. C. Brinson, Augusta, Ga., care of Perkins Manufacturing Company, and F. D. Terry, Van-Noy News Company, Augusta, Ga. Send my clothes to my brother, Ike Brinson, and my money in the bank and all the other money due me from the news company to my mother, and I leave money in Atlanta Union National Bank. I have nothing to live for; I lose money at everything I go at, so I can't understand anything I had better be dead than to live here worried to death all the time. I am, A. C. BRINSON."

"Dear Uncle Adam—Please bury me in Augusta, Ga., where I was born, and well paid away, even if it takes all of my money."

At 10:42 was found in Brinson's pockets it was evidently not lack of ready money which caused his despondency. He stated to a friend a day or two before that he had won \$75 at keno the previous night. From a dispatch received here from Augusta it would appear that Brinson was ill and was laying off for treatment. The body was forwarded to Augusta tonight for relatives.

BURGULARS BLOW A BIG SAFE

Cracksmen Secure a Small Sum of Money at Lula.

Lula, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Burglars entered the store of S. S. Carter & Co. last night and cracked the safe, securing about \$30, and burned four or five suits of valuable clothing which were packed around the safe to prevent the explosion from being heard. They gained entrance through the front door. A large amount of money, notes, etc., were in the vault, which could not be penetrated with the tools. The tools used were stolen from a nearby blacksmith shop. The explosion was heard by the night operator, and the fire alarm was rung. Bloodhounds were secured, but on account of the rain their track could not be struck.

THEY ATTACK WRONG MAN

Section Foreman Is Knocked Senseless and Hobbled.

Lula, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Section Foreman Sumner was waylaid and robbed at Bellton, one mile east of this place, yesterday. His assailants are supposed to be negroes. After telling him they had the wrong man, but would fix him so he would never tell it. However, he is all right again.

EUGENE C. LEONARD IS DEAD

One of Talbotton's Leading Merchants Passes Away.

Talbotton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Eugene C. Leonard, proprietor of the Leonard Dry Goods Shoe Company, died this evening at 8 o'clock at his home in this place. Mr. Leonard returned about one week ago from Baltimore, where he had purchased his spring goods, and was taken with pneumonia, which resulted in death. He is the son of the late Hon. Henry Leonard, ordinary for many years of this county, and a brother to C. W. Leonard, of Macon.

Mrs. Raleigh Colston, Richmond, Va.

Richmond, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. Raleigh Colston, widow of Colonel Raleigh Colston, died suddenly this afternoon at her residence, Fourth and Grace streets. She was seventy-five years old and before her marriage was Miss Powell. She leaves four daughters, Mrs. A. B. Gilmer, of Baltimore, and Mrs. R. L. Gilmer, of this city, and one son in Texas.

Frank Lynch, Cheraw, S. C.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—The death of Frank Lynch at Cheraw, S. C., is announced. Mr. Lynch was eighty-two years old. His death resulted from an attack of the grip and was sudden. Mr. Lynch was a brother of the late Bishop Lynch, of the Roman Catholic church.

R. E. Murphy, Huntsville, Ala.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The funeral of Colonel Robert E. Murphy, who died yesterday, was conducted from the First Methodist church today. Mr. Murphy, while sheriff of Madison county, was killed by the prisoners in his charge.

John M. Eldridge, Huntsville, Ala.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—John M. Eldridge, probably the oldest citizen in Madison county, died last night at 10 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Albert Jones. Mr. Eldridge was ninety years old. He came here from Virginia in 1838 and settled near Meridianville, where he remained until a few years before his death.

William Kellum, Talbot County, Ga.

Talbotton, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—William Kellum, a prominent citizen of Talbot county, died at his residence in the western part of the county last night after a short illness. His remains were interred at Matthews chapel this afternoon.

W. T. Credille, Fort Gaines, Ga.

Fort Gaines, Ga., March 20.—(Special.)—Walter T. Credille, a prominent and influential citizen of this county, died at his home in this city yesterday. Mr. Credille had been in failing health for several years, and, having ample means for his support, he had retired from business. He was a member of the Methodist church, but without benefit. His last visit was to Fort Gaines, where he remained only three days before his death.

Digests what you Eat

Dyspepsia Cure

A powerful engine can't be run with a weak boiler; and you can't expect to keep up the wear and strain of an active life with a weak stomach. Our boilers, or rather our stomachs, can be replaced, and we cannot stop the human machinery while making repairs. But when the stomach is unable to digest enough food to keep the body strong, we can use such a preparation as Kod Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat, so that you can eat all the good food you want. The use of such a preparation as this is the only certain way to cure indigestion.

It can't help but do you good. Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The St. Louis contains 94 times the St. Louis.

When you need a soothing and healing application for piles, sores, and skin diseases use DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Beware of counterfeits.

Memphis Route

K. C. M. & B. R. R.

To Kansas City and the North.

A good general always surveys his field well before going into action. Just so it is with a railroad journey. Look the ground over well and then take the best. Our new Southeastern Limited is modern and up-to-date. Has all the comforts of home. Try it on your next trip north.

REV. R. A. TORREY BEGINS ADDRESSES

Will Speak on Holy Ghost at Tabernacle Bible Conference.

REV. F. B. MEYER TO LEAVE

Will Conclude His Series of Conference

IMPEACHMENT AT RALEIGH GOES ON

Associate Justice Montgomery
on Witness Stand.

HE WAS BADLY RATTLED

Testimony of Lawyers as to a Violation of the Constitution in the Issuance of the Mandamus Was Not Admitted by the Court.

Raleigh, N. C., March 20.—(Special.)—Associate Justice Montgomery, popular member of the supreme court, occupied the morning session of the impeachment trial today as a witness for the impeached judges. He upheld the decisions of the majority of the court as being law until overruled, and said it was Clerk Kenan's duty to issue the writ of mandamus. He said the court never ordered the writ to issue as a court; that if a proper affidavit had been made that the clerk refused to issue the writ, he would not have hesitated to order the writ, as he considered the decision of the majority of the court the supreme law. He had made a dissenting opinion in the original case. He said Associate Justice Walter Clark was at the bottom of all the trouble for the past year; that Clark had gone to the state treasurer and told him if he paid White's claim his bondsmen would be sued, and that the judges would be impeached; that Clark persisted in writing political opinions as dissenting opinions, and also furnished much matter for the newspapers. He criticized Clark severely for first getting him in the Hokeys-Henderson trap four years ago, and said Clark afterwards, when the decisions struck members of his own party and helped the republicans, instead of acknowledging the error of the former decisions, began to attack the court for deciding the very way he had previously decided. Montgomery was more heated than either of the accused judges on the witness stand, and received a rigid cross-examination, coming out of it considerably demoralized. In answer to questions of law put by Attorney C. B. Watson, he rebuked Watson twice for catechizing a supreme court judge in the manner he did.

The defense had subpoenaed fifteen lawyers to give evidence as experts of law that the judges had not violated the constitution in issuing the mandamus on the state treasurer. The question of advisability of their evidence was argued at length by counsel on both sides. The president ruled the testimony incompetent. The defense did not appeal from the ruling, but closed their case. The prosecution offered to show the amount of special oyster fund in the treasury at the time the warrant in question was paid. Objection by defense was sustained. Tonight the court was in conference. Some persons think Judge Clark may be put on the witness stand.

TENNESSEE TOWN FIRE-SWEEP

Tiptonville, Tenn., March 20.—(Special.)—Loss is estimated at \$75,000. Union City, Tenn., March 20.—(Special.)—The town of Tiptonville was nearly destroyed by fire last night, the only business houses escaping being the Farmers and Merchants' bank, W. J. Walker's drug store, Caldwell Bros.' dry goods and clothing store and Markham's drug store. The Lake County bank, Harry Smith's dry goods store, Peacock's furniture store, a butcher shop, two barber shops, two or three restaurants, J. R. George's dry goods and clothing store, W. Campbell's dry goods and clothing store, Lemmon's grocery, Harris grocery and Campbell's hotel were destroyed. Several other business houses and residences were consumed. Telephone communication is cut off from the town. The loss is estimated at \$75,000, partly covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is unknown.

West Virginia Hotel Burned.

Kenova, W. Va., March 20.—The Grand hotel, owned by Wright Brothers, was burned early today. All the guests escaped uninjured. Loss \$40,000, partially insured. The saw and planing mills of Davis & Lenon were burned a few hours earlier, entailing a loss of \$50,000, with no insurance.

Oil Struck in West Virginia.

Huntington, W. Va., March 20.—The first discovery of oil in the southern portion of this state was made today on a three-hundred-barrel oil well drilled at Milton, in this county.

Stops Tickling

All serious lung troubles begin with a tickling in the throat. You can stop this at first in a single night; a dose at bedtime puts the throat at complete rest.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

The cure is so easy now, it's astonishing any one should run the risk of pneumonia and consumption, isn't it? For asthma, croup, whooping-cough, bronchitis, consumption, hard colds, and for coughs of all kinds, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has been the one great family medicine for sixty years.

Three sizes: 25c, 50c., \$1.00.

If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express a large bottle to you, all charges prepaid. Be sure you get Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Address, J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SHERIFF ARRESTS A JUDGE

Gary, of South Carolina, Is Held a Prisoner.

HE MAKES GOOD HIS ESCAPE

Smallpox Causes Quarantine and Judge Is Caught Within the Lines.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—A gentleman who has just come here from Marion gives an interesting account of the escape of Judge Ernest Gary from quarantine in that town.

A case of smallpox developed in a hotel and caused the adjournment of court. With a good many others, Judge Gary was stopping in the hotel, and for several days no attention was paid to the case of sickness, but during the night it was diagnosed as smallpox, and prompt action was taken by the health authorities who have just been given additional power by the legislature. When the judge and other boarders arose they found a ring of special policemen around the house, and yellow flags were flying. Judge Gary could not stand for that. He had no liking for smallpox, and important business called him to another town. Orders were sent to adjourn court. Then the judge disappeared from the hotel. Just how he passed the line of sentinels may never be explained, but the next thing heard of him was at the depot a mile away waiting for the train. The sheriff hastened to the spot and under the authority of the board of health arrested the judge for "jumping" quarantine. Then the sheriff having other business, left the judge in charge of a town marshal. The train came along and when it left the marshal was minus a prisoner. Judge Gary stepped aboard and has not been heard of since. The marshal was fined \$5.00 for letting a prisoner escape.

GATHERING THE INFORMATION

Reliable Facts Regarding South Carolina Mills Being Acquired.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—Up to this point the difficulty has been experienced in obtaining reliable data about textile mills in this state. With the multiplying factories it was impossible to keep track of them, and no where was any record kept except of the capital of concerns chartered. The recent legislature gave the comptroller general power to collect all such statistics through the auditors, and he has just forwarded these officials his first circular of instructions. In a few months reliable information can be obtained. Heretofore published statements by textile journals and others of South Carolina mills and spinners have been approximations. They have not known even the number of mills in the state.

DIVORCE MAY NOT BE LEGAL

Marriage Annulled at Spartanburg May Cause Trouble.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—The action of the court in Spartanburg in annulling the marriage of Charles Dearman and Ida Padgett will be questioned. It is a divorce, and within the last six weeks the legislature has once more refused to legalize a divorce for any cause. Since their marriage each of the principals in this case married again. They claimed to have never lived together, and Dearman said he was drunk and ignorant of his actions at the time of the ceremony. The woman did not apply for the annulment or resist it.

Have Given Up the Fight.

Columbia, S. C., March 20.—(Special.)—People of Beaufort and Port Royal have finally surrendered to the inevitable and given up the struggle to retain the naval station. For fully a year they have maintained a systematic and intelligently conducted fight, but it was always uphill work. From the first the naval officers and the politicians have been against them.

RIVER COMMISSION WILL MEET

Headquarters of the Body May Be Moved to Memphis.

Memphis, Tenn., March 20.—(Special.)—A meeting of the Mississippi River commission has been called to meet in this city April 11th and 12th. This meeting will be one of importance to Memphis, because the question of removing the headquarters of the commission to this city will be considered. General Gilliespie, chairman of the commission, is a native Tennessean and it is said will favor the proposition to move the headquarters to the Bluff City.

In addition to this question further work on the river will be discussed. The defeat of the river and harbor bill has almost put a stop to the work on the Mississippi. A meeting of the engineers was held here a few days ago, but nothing was given out as to their conclusions. They reported to the commission and the members of that body will take some definite action at the coming meeting in Memphis.

HER MARITAL CHAINS BROKEN

Mrs. Moore, Society Woman of Louisville, Granted a Divorce.

Louisville, Ky., March 20.—Mrs. Frank Guthrie Moore, a wealthy and prominent society woman of Louisville, was today granted a divorce from Shirley Moore, on the ground of abandonment. He, too, is wealthy, having inherited a large estate from his father. The estrangement which led to the divorce began shortly after the marriage. Mrs. Moore is now in Paris with her only child, whose custody was awarded to her. Mrs. Moore is restored to her maiden name of Frank Guthrie.

HE SUICIDED AT THE PIANO.

Tenor Singer Humphries Takes His Life at St. Louis.

St. Louis, March 20.—Charles Humphries, tenor singer, leader of the choir at the Second Baptist church and a well known society man, committed suicide in his studio today. The cause for the act is unknown. The revolver with which the fatal shot was fired lay beside the body, which had fallen in front of the piano. Mr. Humphries, who was thirty-two years old, was well known in musical circles throughout the country as an oratorical singer.

BELL FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL

Ex-Congressman Has Been Appointed by Governor of Texas.

Houston, Tex., March 20.—Ex-Congressman C. M. Bell, of Fort Worth, was today appointed attorney general to succeed T. S. Smith, deceased. The senate has confirmed the nomination. He is a lawyer of ability.

SAMFORD PARDONS SEVENTEEN MEN

They Were in for Short Terms Without Having Been Tried.

LOCAL LAW MADE TO SUIT

Condition of Affairs Developed by Investigation Is Not Very Flattering, and May Lead to Further Unpleasant Complications.

Birmingham, Ala., March 20.—Seventeen white men sent up from Butler county, Alabama, for terms ranging from sixty to ninety days for "riding trains," were released from the Penitentiary today on pardons granted by Governor Samford, whose investigation into their cases developed an unsavory state of affairs in the administration of justice in that county.

A majority of the men were consigned to the mines without trial, being notified of their fate in their prison cells by the sheriff.

Their sentences ranged from ten to thirty days, but were augmented by from sixty to ninety days additional for costs, which went into the pockets of the county officials in the shape of fees.

Many of the men were never taken before a judge and were compelled to lay in the county jail at Greenville for forty or fifty days.

They were arrested under a local law making it a misdemeanor for a person to ride on a train in that county without first having secured a ticket or pass.

The men, most of whom are members of trades unions and carry union cards, tell harrowing tales of their treatment at the hands of the county officials and in the mines where they have been for the past two weeks. Dr. J. Elmer Adams, a young physician of Cleveland, O., who was sent up at the same time, was released from the mines last Sunday, his fine having been paid by friends.

LEFT DEAD IN A BALLROOM

One Negro Is Slain by Another at Roanoke, Ala.

Roanoke, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—Adolphus Mann, a negro driver at Carroll's stables, was shot and instantly killed last night at a frolic in a negro saloon of this city by Bud Almon, another negro, who immediately left for parts unknown. A brother of Almon was arrested today, charged with being accessory. The shooting broke up the ball. Even the occupants of the house left, removing all their chattels, leaving the dead negro alone, notifying no one of the homicide, so the negro who fired the fatal shot got a good start and has not yet been apprehended.

Arranging for Next Session.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—Colonel N. P. Thompson, president of the Southern Industrial Association, was in Huntsville yesterday en route from New Orleans to Philadelphia to arrange for the annual meeting of the association in June. Thompson is here to see that a large number of prominent men are accepting invitations to attend the convention.

Married at Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—W. H. Dillingham, a well known citizen of Decatur, was quietly married yesterday afternoon in the parsonage of the First church, Rev. H. R. Morris officiating. Body Brought Home from Cuba. Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The remains of George H. Chadwick, a war department clerk who died in Havana in 1898, are being shipped to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Chadwick, of this city, for interment here. George H. Chadwick was a Huntsville boy and had many friends in this city.

New Lieutenant Elected.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Third regiment, Alabama, national guards, last night S. Morgan Stewart, Jr., was elected second lieutenant to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of George W. York. Stewart is a well known citizen of the company during the war with Spain.

New Opera House at Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—Archibald Frank Cook, who came to Huntsville to organize a company to build an opera house, is meeting with a great deal of encouragement in the undertaking. Several prominent business men have taken hold of the enterprise and they propose to organize a company with a capital stock of \$25,000. Four-fifths of this amount has been already subscribed.

Gadsden Sells Bonds.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The city council of Gadsden has sold an issue of \$30,000 5 per cent bonds to Chicago bankers. The bonds were sold at par and half of the amount realized will be used in establishing waterworks and the remaining half will be used for building and maintaining schools.

Court in Session at Huntsville.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The spring term of chancery court is in session, presided over by Chancellor W. H. Simpson, of Decatur. A large number of divorce cases are on the books.

Will Sell Bonds.

Huntsville, Ala., March 20.—(Special.)—The city council held a regular meeting last night and authorized the finance committee to arrange for the sale of and issue of \$50,000 bonds authorized by the legislature.

UNDER ARREST AS KIDNAPERS

Two Officers from North Carolina Are Held in Texas.

Fort Worth, Tex., March 20.—J. L. Peterson and J. M. Cooper, claiming to be officers from North Carolina, are under arrest here charged with kidnaping. They took charge without a warrant of a man named Warrick, who is alleged to have killed a relative of the men, and for whom a reward is offered. They had Warrick bound with ropes when Texas officers made the arrest. Warrick was held to await orders from the governor of North Carolina.

The Turk and Jenkins Matched.

New York, March 20.—Nouroullah, the Turk, and Tom Jenkins, of Cleveland, were matched today to contest in a wrestling match at Madison Square Garden on the night of May 14th next.

REPUBLICANS TO MAKE FIGHT

Democrats in Virginia May Have Strong Opposition.

NAMES ARE BEING SUGGESTED

Ex-Congressman Yost, Warren Lundy and ex-Judge Lewis Are Mentioned.

Richmond, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—There will be more of a contest for the republican nomination for governor in Virginia this year than since the memorable days of Mahone. This is evident from the general desire expressed by leading republicans attending the state committee meeting here last night that the party shall put up a strong ticket and make a vigorous fight.

Hon. Warren E. Lundy, of Richmond, who ran for attorney general on the ticket with General Mahone twelve years ago, wants to be the republican candidate. He hopes to be elected to the constitutional convention over Senator Keen and says he will certainly be the next governor. Others talked of are Colonel J. Hampton Hoge, ex-Congressman Jacob Yost and ex-Supreme Court Judge L. L. Lewis.

The laboring people here are not at all satisfied with the replies made by the convention candidates to the questions submitted by the trades council. There is doubt what course the members of the unions will follow. It is said to be likely that the leaders among the laboring people will advise all their friends to refrain from going into the primary at all. There will be another special meeting of the council between now and the primary and the matter may be considered. It is now too late for the working people to bring out candidates, as the list closes next Saturday.

LAWYER SUES A FINANCIER.

Attorney Asserts That Capitalist Betrayed a Trust.

Norfolk, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—Alexander Brown, one of the heaviest financiers in Baltimore and connected with southern investments, is here today attending court. W. Dorsey Pender, attorney of Norfolk, is suing him for \$30,000 damages. He alleges that by the unauthorized and improper use of information given by him to Brown, the Baltimore banker, secured the exceeding remunerative contract for financing the Norfolk and Atlantic Terminal Railway Company. The information thus furnished Mr. Brown, he himself would have secured this contract. Able counsel represents both sides. Mr. Brown's answer to the declaration is general denial. The case will consume several days in the federal court.

WOMAN CAPTURES BURGLARS.

With Pistol in Hand She Holds Them for Police.

Norfolk, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—Mrs. John Kelly, possessing the fighting blood of Irish ancestors, held up two burglars at the point of her pistol at her home and turned them over to the police last night. Observing the intruders enter her house, Mrs. Kelly ran for her husband's revolver and covering the men, she held them at bay until she could summon the police. John Jarvis and Alexander West were the men and both were held for indictment.

MORTGAGE FOR \$150,000 FILED

Telephone Company Is Extending Its System.

Norfolk, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—The Southern States Telephone Company, a Maryland corporation operating exchanges in Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina, filed a mortgage here today to the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Baltimore, to secure a bond issue of \$150,000. Fifty thousand dollars is to be paid in cash, and the balance of \$100,000 in improving and extending the company's lines hereabouts. It is understood that the connection by long distance wire with many towns of York, Pa., is proceeding, and that the Southern States Company, of which Seymour Mandelbaum, of Baltimore, is president, will be in active competition with the Bell Company in long distance telephony as locally.

MARRIAGE CAUSED SURPRISE.

Noted Singer and Young Business Man Wed.

Richmond, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—Miss Gay Ragland, one of the most noted singers in Richmond, went to Washington today and was married there to Mr. Percival Pleasant, a young business man of Richmond. The wedding was a great surprise, though not an elopement. Miss Ragland, after getting her musical education, went on the operatic stage, but soon withdrew. She is the soprano in the Second Baptist church choir and a popular concert singer.

Recruits En Route to Atlanta.

Norfolk, Va., March 20.—(Special.)—One hundred and ten recruits for the Twenty-sixth regiment, at Fort McPherson, Georgia, arrived here today from Fort Slocum, New York. They were sent to Atlanta speedily aboard a special train. Lieutenant Vestal commands the detachment.

BUILDING CARS AT MEMPHIS.

Binghamton Manufacturing Plant Starts Next Week.

Memphis, Tenn., March 20.—(Special.)—The large Binghamton car manufacturing plant will resume operations the first of next week, the necessary preparations having been completed. The plant will employ one thousand men and this force will be gradually increased.

A number of orders for cars have been received by the company, the largest, however, coming from the new Chevrolet road. President Gowen first placed an order for 500 cars, but has increased the order to 1,000. The Cotton Belt, Illinois Central and other roads have also placed orders with the works for equipment. This plant has been idle for several years.

No Waste in the Kitchen

No waste of time or materials, for with a small quantity of extract, which is made by themselves, and which can be made into a delicate soup, or savory dish.

LEB BIG

COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF FOR IMPROVED AND ECONOMIC COOKERY

THOUSANDS OF FAIR WOMEN HERALD PRAISES FOR PERUNA.

Catarrhal Dyspepsia and Nervous Prostration Make Invalids of More Women Than All Other Diseases Combined.



Peruna is the woman's friend everywhere. It is safe to say that no woman ever used Peruna for any catarrhal derangement but what it became indispensable in her household.

Letters from Women.

Every day we receive letters from women like the following. Women who have tried Peruna and were cured: "I have done me more good for catarrh than the best doctors could. I had catarrh so bad, but after taking Peruna it is entirely gone, and I feel like a different person."

Mrs. Anna Prescott's Letter.

Mrs. Anna Prescott, in a letter from 216 South Seventh street, Minneapolis, Minn., writes: "I am sincerely grateful for the relief I have found from the use of Peruna. I was completely used up last fall, my appetite had failed and I felt weak and tired all the time. My druggist advised me to try Peruna and the relief I experienced after taking one bottle was truly wonderful. I continued its use for five weeks, and am glad to say that my complete restoration to health was a happy surprise to myself as well as to my friends."—Anna Prescott.

A constant drain of nervous vitality.

"Nothing will take the place of Peruna. Do not accept any kind of substitute. Insist upon having Peruna and nothing else. There is no other internal systemic catarrh one persuade you to the contrary."

THE WEATHER IN FEBRUARY.

Mississippi Bureau Shows the Changes During the Month. Jackson, Miss., March 20.—(Special.)—The Mississippi department of the weather bureau has just issued the summary of February weather. The month was characterized by a deficiency both in temperature and precipitation, more unusual than the record for this month in many years. The mean temperature for the month was 45.7 degrees, which is 0.5 degree more than the mean temperature for the same month of last year. The lowest mean temperature in Mississippi during a period of fourteen years was 36.3 degrees in 1899. The highest temperature recorded during the month was 80 degrees at Natchez, on the 18th, and the lowest 14 degrees at Saratoga, on the 24th. The absolute range for the state was 66 degrees. The greatest daily range was 43 degrees, at Saratoga. The average rainfall for the state in February was 4.37 inches, which is 2.51 inches less than the average for the same month last year. The greatest amount recorded at any station was 8.24 inches at Water Valley, and the lowest, 1.66 inches at Hernando.

BOUNDARY DISPUTE GOES ON.

Mississippi and Louisiana Are Still Quarreling.

Jackson, Miss., March 20.—(Special.)—The Mississippi-Louisiana boundary dispute, which is yet in process of settlement, continues to be a topic of more or less animated discussion with the people along the Gulf coast.

According to a citizen from that section, who spent the day in Jackson, a strong sentiment has manifested itself in opposition to any scheme to bring the old question of dredging into the dispute. It is undoubtedly a fact that this question, like Banquo's ghost, is hard to down, and the fear is felt among the coast citizens of Mississippi that the Louisiana commission will want the joint commission to recommend some plan for the regulation of oyster fishing and dredging.

After a fair investigation of this belief, however, in all probability it will be found without any good basis in fact. The Louisiana commission was created by act of the legislature to recommend a plan for the settlement of the boundary dispute, and the Mississippi commission, although appointed without authority of law, is instructed only to pass upon matters pertaining to the boundary. It is undoubtedly known that if the Louisiana commission insist on dragging in the question of dredging that the Mississippi commissioners will withdraw altogether from the meeting, and this alone is sufficient guarantee that the question will not come up.

BOWERS TO SUCCEED ANDERSON

Death of Chairman of the Committee Causes Speculation.

Jackson, Miss., March 20.—(Special.)—While very little public interest is attached to the successor of Hon. George Anderson as member of the legislature from Warren county among the politicians and state officials, there is some comment as to his probable successor as chairman of the judiciary committee of the lower house, unquestionably the most important committee chairmanship in that body.

The house contains thirty lawyers, and from this it would seem that Speaker Russell will have no difficulty in naming Mr. Anderson's successor, as a number of these stand at the top of the profession in Mississippi. Heretofore it has been customary for the speaker to appoint the next member in line when a committee chairmanship becomes vacant, and if this precedent is followed the next chairman of the judiciary committee will be Hon. E. J. Bowers, of Bay St. Louis, an attorney of considerable prominence, who has served several terms in both bodies of the legislature.

A PURE...
•• ARTICLE

The distillation of whiskey is not only an art, but science as well, requiring in its process the use of the most skillful but an expert knowledge of chemistry. And this is what gives the

MURRAY HILL CLUB
WHISKY

Whiskey its acknowledged superior excellence. Every gallon is made under the strictest supervision and is bottled in a perfectly pure and without admixture of any kind of artificial coloring and refined bottles.

Only first-class dealers sell it.

JOS. A. MAGNUS & CO.
CINCINNATI, O.

LOUISVILLE BONDS IN DEMAND

Good Prices Offered for a Large Issue of Securities.

Louisville, Ky., March 20.—Of the thirteen bids for \$92,000 city of Louisville 3 1/2 per cent forty-year gold-refunding bonds opened today by the sinking fund commission, the highest were 10 1/2 for the whole issue by the Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company, of Louisville, and 10 1/2 for \$40,000 of the issue by E. W. Hays, of this city. The award will probably be made to these two bidders, all but \$40,000 going to the trust company.

The bonds which will be refunded by the new issue were issued in 1871. They bore 7 per cent interest, and were sold at 90 cents.

NO PLATT BOSS FOR GOV. ODELL

New York Executive Up in Arms
Against Senator.

POLICE BILL IS THE CAUSE

Governor Says That He Is Not
a Man of Clay, and He Will
Not Stultify Himself To
Please the U. S.
Senator.

New York, March 20.—Governor Odell has positively and formally declined to sign any police bill, and repudiated the new bill drawn by Senator Platt and his friends, and said tonight that if the bill came to him he would veto it, even if it were made plain that it would be passed over his veto.

Frank Platt, son of Senator Thomas C. Platt, arrived here tonight with the newly prepared bill. It provides for the re-organization of the metropolitan police bill of 1887, but includes some territory contiguous to New York city. It also provides that, without disturbing the present conditions in New York city, the governor should appoint a commissioner whose rights to the office should be immediately questioned in the courts and who in the interim should not interfere with the police arrangements in New York city. If the bill was declared unconstitutional, then the state should at once assume control of the police.

Mr. Platt told the governor that the bill had been decided upon by those representing the republican organization, and that he desired a decision as to the governor's attitude on the measure. His suggestion was that the governor should send in a message suggesting the passage of the measure.

The governor replied that he could not see the reason for such legislation at this time. He had repudiated general legislation in his annual message and the party agreed with him. He had signed the New York city police bill and the party had agreed with him. Finally he said:

"I will not send in a message urging such a bill. If possible, I will remain on friendly terms with Senator Platt, but if such a bill comes to me I will veto it. If the legislature cares to take the responsibility of passing the bill over my veto, very well, but I refuse to be a man of clay and I will not stultify myself."

FLORIDA SPECIAL WRECKED.

Ran Into Open Switch at Terre Haute—Fireman Killed.

Terre Haute, Ind., March 20.—The Chicago and Florida special on the Chicago and Eastern Illinois railroad, which left Chicago at 11 o'clock this morning, while running at thirty miles an hour, ran into an open switch at the Sixth avenue crossing, in this city, at 3:40 o'clock this afternoon, derailing the engine and four of the six cars and killing the fireman. The engine turned over, but the cars stayed on the track.

Fireman Sam Cardman, who was killed, was on his first trip. None of the passengers were hurt, except the baby of T. J. Delahunt, agent here for the Schlitz Brewing Company. The child will probably recover. Several of the Pullman cars were damaged as the train dashed into some freight cars on a siding. The track was torn up for a block.

He Embezzled Postal Funds.

Springfield, Ill., March 20.—Edison Gould, former postmaster at Bone Gap, Edwards county, pleaded guilty in the United States court on two counts in an indictment for embezzlement of money order funds. The amount embezzled was \$622. On one count he was fined this amount and on the other he was sentenced to six months in jail. He fled and was traced to Crosby, Tex.

A Hearty Meal should be followed by a dose of the

GROVER GRAHAM DYSPEPSIA REMEDY,

thereby avoiding all unpleasant symptoms. It aids digestion, cures dyspepsia, heartburn, gastritis and corrects all disorders of the digestive system. A 25-cent bottle demonstrates its value. If you wish to enjoy all the health, vigor and physical comfort that a sound stomach insures, use The Grover Graham Dyspepsia Remedy.

GOOD DIGESTION

is essential to good health. If the food does not assimilate the system must become debilitated.

"Everything ate seemed to ferment and form gas in my stomach. I was constantly bloated, had a gnawing, aching pain in my stomach. My heart palpitated, and I was very short of breath. The least exertion took away all my strength. For eight years I was miserable. I tried everything. Pills and tablets only made me worse. Grover Graham Dyspepsia Remedy benefited me from the very first dose, and cured me in five weeks. There is nothing like it in the world."

JOHN DOWMAN, Brookside Farm, Union, N. Y.
Three sizes, 25c, 50c, and \$1.00, sold by leading druggists. Write for pamphlet.

JACOBS' PHARMACY—Two Stores.
Wholesale and Retail Distributing Agents
6-10 Marietta Street, 23 Whitehall Street.

For Group use CHE-
NEYS' EXPECTOR-
ANT.



TRIALS OF WOMANHOOD

Disordered menstruation works havoc with the lives of women. Thousands of women, because of menstrual troubles, are keeping the pall of sickness continually over homes they might cheer and brighten were they well. To these sufferers—to those stricken homes—Wine of Cardui is offered today. Mrs. North was in misery. Her condition was so bad that menstruation, instead of being a health function, was a weakening drain on her system. She took Wine of Cardui, and secured relief just the same as thousands of her sisters had done. There is no mystery about her cure. This pure vegetable Wine which was provided by Nature regulated her menses and banished the terrible smarting pain and now she is a well woman—as well and strong as if she had never known the terrors and agony of disordered menses. She is doing her own work without getting tired. Thedford's Black-Draught assisted materially in this cure. It regulates the bowels and invigorates digestion and blood making. Black-Draught is the companion medicine of Wine of Cardui and works in harmony with it. Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught are the medicines that made Mrs. North say: "I feel so much better now". Never accept substitutes for them. All druggists sell \$1.00 bottles of Wine of Cardui and 25 cent packages of Thedford's Black-Draught.

WINE OF CARDUI

I thank you very much for your kind advice. A friend of mine who has been using Wine of Cardui with much benefit advised me to get a bottle of the Wine as she was sure it would help me. I got a bottle of Wine of Cardui and a package of Thedford's Black-Draught and they have done me a world of good. I take a small dose of Thedford's Black-Draught dry after each meal and no gas arises from my stomach as there always was before. I was always in misery two or three hours after eating. Now I can eat a good hearty meal and never know it after taking a little of the powder. I began using Wine of Cardui as soon as my menses came on and I had hardly any pain at all. I did not have to lie down at all. I stayed up and I did all my work without feeling very tired. I am going to continue the use of Wine of Cardui for I am sure I have hit on the right medicine at last—a medicine that will cure me. I feel so much better now. I have a sister in Manitoba who has been troubled with falling of the womb. I am going to write her about your wonderful medicine and get her to give it a trial. I am sure Wine of Cardui will help her.

Mrs. SARAH A. NORTH.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department", The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

VOTERS BARRED BY THOUSANDS

Maryland Election Bill Ready
for Governor's Signature.

IGNORANCE IS UNDER BAN

Estimated That Fifty Thousand Illiterates Are Disfranchised by Measure—Believed That Law Will Make Maryland Safely Democratic.

Annapolis, Md., March 20.—The new election bill, having for its object the practical disfranchisement of most of the 50,000 illiterate voters of the state, passed the senate shortly after midnight. It was immediately sent to the house, where all the amendments made by the senate were concurred in, and the bill passed. It is now ready for the governor's signature.

The final passage of the bill was marked by the utter absence of anything of a sensational character.

Dodson Denounces Law. In the senate but one protest was entered, which came in the form of a speech from Senator Dodson, republican, who characterized the entire proceedings as a blot upon the fair name and honor of the state. The final vote was 11 to 14, a strict party division.

In a quarter of an hour after passing the senate the bill was before the house, where its consideration was immediately begun. One by one the senate's amendments were taken up and concurred in without division. Then it was put upon its final passage with no attempt at delay upon the part of the minority, except a motion to allow them one hour to consider the amendments. This was promptly voted down, and the bill was passed by a vote of 32 to 2, the democrats having six votes more than the majority required by the constitution. Five democrats, Messrs. Buckley and Lamin, of Frederick, Keys of Cecil, Pattison of Dorchester and Garner of St. Mary's, voted with the republicans.

Most Important Change. The most important change in existing methods accomplished by the enactment of the new law lies in depriving illiterate voters of the assistance of ballot clerks in preparing their ballots. Under the previous practice these clerks accompanied such voters into the booths and marked their ballots for them, or showed them how to do it. The democrats claim that this practice utterly destroyed the secrecy of the ballot, and made it possible for corruptors to learn through signals from the ballot clerks whether bargains made with corrupt voters had been carried out. The arrangement of the names on the ballots has been altered so that the candidates for each office are grouped instead of being arranged in groups according to the party they represent. Party emblems are abolished and other changes made which make the new law very nearly similar to that in existence in Massachusetts.

Effect of the Law. The effect of the law is, of course, largely a matter of conjecture, and one upon which the party leaders widely differ. The democrats expect that it will disfranchise about 32,000 negroes and perhaps 16,000 white voters who cannot read nor write. Of these, it is claimed, all the negroes and about 50 per cent of the whites vote the republican ticket. With these out of

NEGROES WORRY PRESIDENT

They Want To Be Lieutenants in the Regular Army.

ARE BACKED BY CONGRESSMEN

McKinley and War Department Officials Embarrassed—Negro Officers Unsatisfactory.

Washington, March 20.—The president and the war department are greatly embarrassed at the pressure that is being brought to bear upon them for the appointment of young colored men who have served in the volunteer army to lieutenants in the regular army. He has several northern congressmen and a senator or two asked for such appointments, but colored bishops and clergymen have appealed to the president in this regard.

Experience has shown that no matter what the theories of equality may be, colored men as commissioned officers are not satisfactory. There are only four colored regiments in the regular army and their color casts friction. Every white officer would resent the appointment of colored men to commissioned rank, no matter how well educated or capable they might be.

HANNA AND MCKINLEY MEET.

They Decide What To Do About Politics in Ohio.

Washington, March 20.—Senator Hanna, Representative Grosvenor and Representative Dick, of Ohio, had a very extended conference with the president. They were closeted with him for almost two hours. Senator Foraker called during the progress of the conference but remained only a short time. The importance of the consultation may be judged by the fact that Secretaries Root and Gage, who had business with the president, after waiting for some time, returned to their respective departments. The consultation between the Ohio republican leaders and the president covered quite a number of questions, national as well as state, but were largely confined, it is understood, to the political situation in Ohio.

It was decided that Governor Nash and most of the present Ohio state ticket should be renominated this fall; also that Senator Foraker should be endorsed by the state convention for re-election.

TO ERADICATE YELLOW FEVER.

International Congress To Be Held To Consider Question.

Washington, March 20.—Quite an extensive project is likely to take form in a few days for an international congress of representative sanitarians, sanitarians and doctors of the United States, Central and South America for the purpose of considering plans for the eradication of yellow fever, not so much by cure as by prevention.

The plan took form recently at the medical congress at Havana, when the Argentine minister at Washington, Dr. Wilde, suggested an international congress of this character. As part of the project, he proposed the raising of a common fund, to be assigned to various localities, to carry on the work of sanitation, which is said to insure the eradication of this disease. The medical congress by unanimous vote approved Dr. Wilde's plan, and now steps are being taken for a practical realization of the proposed congress. The invitations will be issued from Havana.

the way, the state will be safely democratic for many years to come, and the immediate result will be the election of a democratic state legislature next fall and of a democratic United States senator to succeed Senator Wallington in 1902.

CORPSE SWAYS FROM A BRIDGE

Negro Lynched at Terry, Miss.,
for Attempted Assault.

HIS ACCOMPLICE ESCAPED

Fought His Way Through Lynchers and Fled in Darkness—Negro Who Was Hanged Entered Room of a Young White Woman.

Terry, Miss., March 20.—This morning about 4 o'clock a negro man named Jody Bell was discovered in the room of a young lady who is visiting the family of Mr. R. C. Terry, of this place. The negro was a trifling character about twenty-five years old.

His object was robbery, as well as assault. The young lady retired wearing several diamond rings. The negro, who did odd jobs about the place, noticed them and no doubt was influenced by them in his attempt to commit the crime, in which he failed.

The alarm was immediately given and a hunt begun for the negro. He was finally found and arrested at Bryan, Miss., seven miles north of Terry, brought back on the evening train, taken before the mayor, tried and bound over to the circuit court. He was placed in jail and it was intended to take him to Jackson tomorrow for safekeeping.

The citizens of this place knew what that meant, and tonight, from miles around, the country people rode in quietly to hold a court to be presided over by Judge Lynch. A posse formed promptly at 9 p. m., took the negro to the iron bridge a mile north of the place, where he was hanged, and at 10 p. m. was still hanging.

Later developments, it seems, implicated another negro, Charles Hollingsworth by name, and he was also arrested and placed in jail. The mob meant to hang him at the same time and place with Bell, but he fought his way through the small army of men and, although fifty shots were fired at him, he escaped in the darkness. It is generally thought he will be found in the morning riddled with bullets.

The mob was very orderly and quiet, all the men returning to their homes, trusting that their action in the matter will prove a lesson long to be remembered by the negroes of this community. Before Bell was hanged he was asked if he had anything to say and he confessed everything.

SALE OF GOLD MINE PROPERTY.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

By order of the United States court for the northern district of Georgia, I shall sell before the courthouse door, at Blairsville, Union county, Georgia, on FIRST TUESDAY IN APRIL, 1901, within legal hours of sale, all the property of the Union Mining and Gold Company, consisting of mineral interests and mining privileges in about eleven hundred acres of land, the fee simple title to property upon which the mill is situated, together with all personal property, including mills, engines, crushers, etc., and all other property necessary for the operation of a gold mine. For further information, see Blairsville News of dates March 9th, 10th, 23d or 30th, or address 305 Equitable building, Atlanta, Ga.

A. J. ORME, Commissioner.

BOND ISSUE

HAS TRIUMPHED

Continued from First Page.

him, "you might call it that, as it is for water or no water." The time almost all the voters had gone to business—8:30 to 9 o'clock in the morning—only about 100 votes had been cast, and it began to look as if the rain would prevent the getting out of two-thirds of the vote.

Fourth Ward. Total registration 511
Total vote cast 383
For bonds 378
Against bonds 5

The voters of the fourth ward cast 378 votes in favor of the bonds and five against them, a total of 383. The vote cast was 124 less than the registration, which was 511.

The committee was almost in despair during the morning. By the time almost all the voters had gone to business—8:30 to 9 o'clock in the morning—only about 100 votes had been cast, and it began to look as if the rain would prevent the getting out of two-thirds of the vote.

It may be said that there were really only four votes against the bonds in this ward, since one of the votes against was simply a scratch vote, the word "for" being scratched off the regular ballot without anything being inserted in its place. It is not likely that this vote will be counted.

FIFTH WARD.

Total registration 471
Total vote cast 311
For bonds 271
Against bonds 40

Election day passed very quietly in the fifth ward and during the day 311 voters cast their ballots. The ward lacked 160 votes of polling the full registration, the total number registered being 471.

The voting was very slow during the morning and also in the afternoon, until the last hour the polls were open, when the scene about the ballot box was enlivened and there was quite a rush.

This was caused by the voting of workmen of the various shops in the vicinity, who had just finished their day's work.

From 6 o'clock until 6 o'clock the voting progressed at the rate of one vote a minute.

Captain James W. English, Councilman A. Q. Adams, of the fifth ward, and Dr. L. P. Stephens, ex-councilman from the fifth ward, at the polls in the interest of the bonds.

SIXTH WARD.

Total registration 779
Total vote cast 640
For bonds 632
Against bonds 8

The voters of the sixth ward polled an unusually full vote. A great deal of active work had been done in the ward by those who favored the bonds, and more progressed at the rate of one vote a minute.

The polls at No. 118 Peachtree street presented none of the usual activity. The voters trickled in slowly throughout the day. At 5 o'clock, one hour before the polls closed, 587 votes had been cast, of which only six were against the water bonds.

When the polls closed the election managers and clerks were out a short time in ascertaining the result.

SEVENTH WARD.

Total registration 156
Total vote cast 109
For bonds 107
Against bonds 2

Citizens of the seventh ward, as is

usual on election day, went to the polls early. By 8 o'clock forty-four had voted and of this number two had voted against the bonds. And these were the only ones in the entire ward who showed by their ballots that they were opposed to the bond issue.

The day passed off quietly, the only incident of moment occurring immediately after the polls had closed, by the managers. As the doors closed a cat stopped in front of the polling place and six delinquent citizens leaned over the stairs to cast their ballots for the bonds. They were informed that it was then past 6 o'clock.

Each man pulled out his watch. The timepieces showed that it lacked from two to four minutes of the closing hour. "We are here ahead of time," the men declared, "and we want to vote."

Captain Dallas, one of the poll managers, said that the polls had been opened according to his watch and were closed because his time-piece indicated 6 o'clock. W. R. Shropshire, who had been an active worker in behalf of the bonds in that ward, asserted that it was not closing time and that the six men should be allowed to vote.

Four of those seeking to vote were R. H. Caldwell, Sr., J. H. Caldwell, C. H. Ledford and J. H. Caldwell, Jr. The names of the other two were not known at the time. Mr. Shropshire stated that in case the bonds were rejected, he was his intention to secure affidavits from all six of those failing to vote to the effect that they had appeared at the polls before the closing hour, but had been denied the right to cast their ballots for the bonds. As the bonds were carried it is probable that such action will not be taken.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.
Used by people of refinement
for over a quarter of a century.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, March 6, 1901.—Wm. H. Wyatt has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Josephine B. Wyatt, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned that the same will be heard on the first Monday in April next.

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The Constitution.

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CLARK HOWELL, Editor.
W. A. HENNING, Proprietor and Business Manager.

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ATLANTA, GA., March 21, 1901.

Look Ahead! Not Backward.

Certain newspapers continue to call for the reorganization of the democratic party through a policy of proscription which has as its salient feature repudiation of the national platforms of 1896 and 1900 and the elimination from party councils of all men who had an active part in the making of those platforms.

For the most part the newspapers which advocate this plan of adding to the party by subtracting from it were violent in their opposition to the candidates of the party in 1896 and scarcely less pronounced in their opposition in 1900, though this opposition was in some instances veiled by a sort of half-hearted support. It might be natural for democrats under the circumstances to decline all overtures of advice from such sources, but in the desire of all true democrats to "get together" all reasonable suggestions from such sources have been taken at their face value. The democrats who made the platforms of 1896 and 1900, who named the party candidates and who are in no doubt of the control of the party organization have manifested no tendency toward the proscription of those who differed from them, even when they went so far as to bolt the democratic nominations.

It seems a little strange, therefore, that suggestions of proscription should be advanced under the guise of friendly advice for the upbuilding of the party by those whose sincerity is, rather, naturally, under suspicion. The Constitution had occasion a few days ago to refer to The New York World's demand for the repudiation of the platforms of the past two national conventions and the proscription of the men who, at the behest of the democratic masses, made those platforms.

The Constitution does not believe in proscribing anybody. If the democratic party is to get back into power it must be by the harmony route, but if it were to be proscription, why, we ventured to suggest, should not the proscription be carried back to 1896?

The Chattanooga Times falls into the same error as The World in denouncing what it calls "the fatal error of 1896." Commenting editorially upon The Constitution's position, The Times says:

"The esteemed Atlanta Constitution, replying to The New York World, which dates the departure of democracy from old Jeffersonian paths from 1896, says: 'In this wholesale proscription of the democratic party, why draw the line at 1896? Why not go on and denounce the democratic action of four, eight, twelve, sixteen, twenty years before? Why not have a clean sweep and begin with it?'

What odious heresies did the convention of 1896 adopt which did not come to it from the democratic rank and file of all the years before? If they are to be proscribed because found in the platform of that year, why not push the cleansing to the years preceding, when John Q. Carlisle was their eloquent exponent? Why not discipline Governor Hill for his Elmhurst speech, in which he declared for the free coinage of silver? Why not be consistent, and if the two conventions are to be denounced, apply the denunciation with equal force to all the leaders who had contributed in bringing it about during the twenty-five years preceding?

The Constitution probably unintentionally does not really catch the real meaning of The World's limitation. To be sure there has been before 1896 a large number of democrats who favored free silver and the democratic platform of free coinage, but it remained for the party in 1896 to depart from its old moorings and throwing overboard all its old-fashioned Jeffersonian ballast, gave over the rudder to Bryanism, which sailed the old craft away into the barren waters of populism and all the crazy men going that seemed to promise a vote. In other words, Bryanism did not appear until 1896, and democracy was never threatened with dissolution until that fatal period. What The World wants is that the party needs to be thrown Bryan overboard and get back into friendly waters, where with the good old-fashioned democratic chart there will be plain sailing and a never a shipwreck.

We quite agree with The Constitution that democracy should not look back nor keep alive the differences of the past by animadverting upon this or that leader; but there surely can be no harm in looking just far enough back to avoid fatal mistakes; and to do this it is hardly necessary to go behind 1896.

There was no failure on the part of The Constitution to grasp the full meaning of The World's contention. We sought no revival of past issues or past bitternesses. The idea, however, of laying the entire responsibility for democratic defeat at the door of the men who made the platform of 1896

and absolving those who had previously supported the principles of that platform, of demanding the wholesale repudiation of those who led the party's fight that year and ignoring the part which others had played in shaping the policy of the party during the years leading up to 1896 led to the very natural inquiry—"Why stop at 1896?"

The platform of 1896 was an honest, clean-cut expression of the policies in which the democrats of the country had been taught to believe by the men recognized as democratic leaders through a long period of years. The democrats in congress had consistently voted upon those lines whenever the problems in which they were involved were under consideration. The democratic leaders of those earlier days—mentioned Mr. Carlisle because of his particular prominence—were, we think, even more responsible for the objects to which the Chicago platform was the first step toward the platform than the men who penned them, and if it is to be a policy of making over the party by repudiating men and platforms, surely there is no good reason for stopping at 1896. There should be a clean sweep.

Such suggestions ought to serve to indicate the folly of any proscription policy. There is no need of indulgence in the wholesale consumption of crow. There is no call for crimination and recrimination.

The only result of a resort to the cry of "Bryanism" in which The Chattanooga Times indulges, for instance, is to revive the recollection in the democratic heart that the troubles which have come to the party are not in any possible sense to be laid at the door of Mr. Bryan. All of the internal troubles that have befallen the party date back to the time when Mr. Cleveland, having been elected to the presidency for his second term, deliberately turned his back upon his party and its principles. The complete transfer of the administration from the democratic party which had placed it in power to the little clique of Wall Street's representatives who held undisputed sway at the white house and dictated the policy which Mr. Cleveland forced upon his secretary of the treasury and brought about the notorious midnight bond deal—this complete surrender of Mr. Cleveland to these anti-democratic elements marked the parting in the ways between the great majority of the party on the one hand and the handful of followers whom he was able to retain on the other.

When, therefore, a misguided public man or newspaper is heard crying out against what he or it is pleased to term "Bryanism," and especially when the charge is made that democratic troubles are due to Mr. Bryan, the natural and inevitable result is to draw public attention to the fact that the real cause of the troubles lies deeper. The democratic party suffers today from its overdose of Clevelandism, not Bryanism.

All of which only serves to demonstrate anew the folly of any policy of recrimination or proscription. If there is to be such a policy, the democrats of the country will know whom to recriminate or proscribe. There should, however, be nothing of the sort. There is no call for a family fight of any kind. We should all endeavor to get together in a way that will enable us to present an undivided front in 1904, meeting the issues as they then may present themselves in the best way at our command. A sincere effort to bring about party harmony has no place for proscription or recrimination.

Mr. Emory's Mistake.

The criticisms being hurled at the state department for its alleged recognition of the Orange Free State and South African Republic as colonies of Great Britain seems to be a veritable tempest in a teapot.

There has been no such recognition. True, Mr. Emory in getting out one of his commercial bulletins, stated in a marginal note that these two countries have been annexed by Great Britain, but this cannot be construed into anything more than Mr. Emory's failure to be familiar with the official status of things.

Great Britain contends that she has annexed these countries, and the physical facts seem to indicate that she has; she has practically destroyed the governments that have existed there and is trying to hold what she has taken. But there has been no recognition by the other nations, nor has Great Britain as yet asked such recognition.

Mr. Hay, when the reference made by Mr. Emory in his commercial bulletin was brought to his attention, stated that there has been no recognition by this government of Great Britain's annexation, and the American consuls are accredited to the South African Republic and Orange Free State as they have been in the past.

Alcoholism on the Decline.

Whether as the result of the aggressive crusade waged against the liquor traffic by the advocates of temperance reform or because of other agencies which have been quietly at work, it is interesting to note that the use of intoxicating liquors in this country is for the time being, at least, perceptibly on the decline.

However, in order to realize the extent of this improvement in our national status with reference to the drink habit, it is necessary to go behind the superficial indications. On the surface the figures show an increase in the aggregate amount of intoxicating liquors consumed in the United States during the twenty years ending December 31, 1900, but the increase is comparatively small and scarcely equal to the increase in population. So when the growth of the country is taken into account it will be found that the increase is considerably short of what it might be if the rate of consumption which existed twenty years ago had been continuous. In other words, while the aggregate amount of intoxicating liquors consumed in the United States today is greater than it was twenty years ago, the per capita is probably much less. This showing will cause the friends of temperance reform to take fresh courage.

Some time in April an international congress on alcoholism will assemble in Vienna for the purpose of considering the most effective measures look-

ing toward the solution of the temperance problem. Of late years the percentage of drunkenness in European countries has been on the increase and much serious alarm has been caused in consequence of the evils wrought by this unhealthy condition of affairs. In many parts of Europe it has always been customary to drink wines, even to the exclusion of water, on account of peculiar climatic and sanitary conditions, but this status of affairs is not sufficient to account for the abnormal and excessive growth of intemperance in European countries during recent years, and apparently there is good reason for the apprehension which is now felt.

Representatives from the United States will probably attend the congress in Vienna, and though the urgency calling for representation from this country is not as great as it is in the case of European countries, it is great enough.

Taking Care of Carrie.

The most sensible suggestion yet advanced for the future of the Kansas lady of the hatchet comes from a New York theatrical manager, a Mr. Hamilton. If he succeeds in carrying his plans to a successful termination, not only will he add a few modest dollars to his own bank account, but what is of vastly more interest to the country at large, he will furnish an outlet for that energetic lady's surplus energies in a manner which will enable the rest of us to pursue our usual avocations in peace, without fear of our nerves being shattered or our peace upset by sudden and unexpected visits from the Nation.

Mr. Hamilton has been setting forth his plans within the hearing of The Washington Post, and the result is this explanation of them:

"Mr. Hamilton proposes to put upon the road a first-class company of athletes and jubilee singers and leather-lunged exhorters to play 'Ten Rights in a Barroom' all over the country, and he wants Mrs. Carrie and her hatchet to make the thing complete. Of course, there will be the usual array of tough bartenders and hard-drinking customers, but there will be the 'Angel Chord' with her soul-splitting songs. The play will run along on accustomed lines, the bear-eyed huns throwing out the exhorters and the jubilee singers, the 'Angel Chord' narrowly escaping a spanking, and everything going the devil's way, until Mrs. Carrie is sprung from a trap—center up—she bulges into the barroom with real screams and a hatchet good as new. That will be in the fourth act, sixth tableau, and will fetch the curtain on a scene of magnificent triumph, with the best of sheet music thunder in the background. Mr. Hamilton points out the desirability—from the standpoint of Mrs. Carrie herself—of his methods. She can go ahead with her smashing without running counter to the dull and obtuse police who have manifested an inability to appreciate the beauties of her system by occasionally running her to jail. The enterprising manager proposes to have a ready furnished barroom which Mrs. Carrie is to be allowed to smash to her heart's content six nights a week and two matinees. He is, in fact, most considerate of the lady's feelings and desires.

Truly nothing could be more to Mrs. Carrie's liking. We sincerely hope she will not hesitate to avail herself of this magnificent offer, designed, as it is, to teach a great moral lesson, to furnish her with her accustomed amusement and to enable her to concentrate her energies in a way that will bring results to the cause of temperance. At the same time, we would like to see, at the time at least, her suppressed desire, of course, appeal to us at all. Our only thought is of her comfort and happiness.

In a Worthy Cause.

Every possible assistance should be given the ladies of Atlanta chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy in their commendable efforts to raise funds for the Winnie Davis annex to the State Normal school at Athens.

The wisdom of the Georgia Daughters in determining that their memorial to the original Daughters of the Confederacy should take the substantial form of a dormitory for the young women who attend the State Normal school has been universally commended. The need of such a dormitory is manifest. The accommodations for those who seek to avail themselves of the advantages of an institution designed to fit them for the life work of teaching have been by no means adequate. There is crying need of a dormitory for women students, and the Daughters of Georgia have determined to build it. It is a noble and sensible sort of memorial in honor of Winnie Davis that would be any other.

The entertainment to be given to-night and tomorrow afternoon at the Grand under the auspices of the Atlanta Daughters, and the entire proceeds will go to the Winnie Davis annex. Those who attend will not only be most delightfully entertained, but they will have the consciousness of aiding a most worthy cause.

Despite the abhorrence of the office-holding class, the John Jay fund, allowed himself to be snaggled into accepting a third term nomination. Unselfishness in the public weal has ever been one of the distinguishing marks of greatness.

It is to be hoped that Count Von Waldersee's thirst for Chinese blood will be satisfied by his pot-hunting expeditions, and that he will at least spare poor old Li. We need him in our business.

Now that Botha has declined to surrender the British are sure he, like DeWet, must be insane. The English are evidently not yet able to grasp the idea that a man may fight to the death for liberty and still be sane.

Benjamin Harrison was no politician, but he will go into history as one of the few of our presidents who have possessed really great instincts.

The Washington Post is so afflicted with antipathy for Van Wyck that it wonders at his willingness to have the city accept the Carnegie gifts.

We have been battling for several days with an equinox, but it seems to be over.

The man who had his stomach removed will be able to save his board bill.

General Botha has caused his pursuers a good deal of botheration.

The Philadelphia-New Orleans fleet is a skiff in the right direction.

The typewriter is not always necessarily the machine.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

"Janet."

(On hearing "Miss O'Reilly's" song of that name sung by Miss Lou T. Hook.)

I.
Sweet was the song when she sang,
"Janet!"
And eyes that were wistful with tears
were wet,
For the voice that came over
The far fields of clover—
The voice that was sweet with the song,
"Janet!"

O, a beautiful song of her beautiful hair
That the sweetest of singers had loved,
was there!
II.
Sweet was the song when she sang,
"Janet!"
I thought, in the silence that's with me yet,
Of the singer of old
Who kissed tresses of gold,
That snared his heart in a mystic net!
The singer who knew, of earth's fortunes
so fair,
Only the folk of "Janet's" gold hair!

III.
Thank God that for Him 'twas "a beautiful mist—
A thing to be braided, and jeweled and kissed!"
Thank God that it fell
O'er her forehead so well
That the locks from that forehead not
even death kissed
So far away but their gold gleams yet
In the song of the woman who sang,
"Janet!"

A Rural Courtship.

Mr. J. Davis Whaley, in a what he calls "A Song of Life," sings for us as follows, in The Lawrenceville Herald:
"I went a dozen times or more
Before I made suggestions,
And I was choked almost to death
In popping of the question.
"When I would leave her she would say:
'Dear one, I will be divided.'
I'd put my arm around her neck,
And then she'd say:
'The flowers were blooming all around,
The birds were singing sweetly,
I whispered in my darling's ear,
'You're good enough to eat.'
'But time rolled on and troubles came
And made my poor heart sad;
You see, I did not eat her then—
How oft I've wished I had!"

The poet strikes an optimistic note, in conclusion:
"This life is rough, I've found it so,
I've been through cold and heat;
For every bitter in this world,
There is a sweeter.

"After a while we'll wind up life
And lay our troubles down;
May we pass over the river of death
Prepared to wear a crown.

"Forever in that glory world,
From room to room, and street to street,
We'll walk the golden streets, you see,
And this is truly life."

"Faithless Sally Brown."

"There is one story of ripe years and experience in Greensboro," says The Redville Record, "and not another woman will forget him as for his grief and pity. The Record learns that he was attending to a suit for one whose husband was killed by a train not many months ago. When he was consulted and retained in the case he says the woman's past and number of friends called on him and told him what a good Christian woman she was and how she was grieving over the loss of her husband. The attorney's sympathies were enlisted and he managed to get the case settled without a suit. The woman was given \$1,000, the money being paid just the other day. About the first thing she did was to buy a new suit of clothes for a married man and now the two have eloped—gone glimmering!"

Whereupon the local poet exclaims, in spirited verse:
"Their hearts were light and happy,
As o'er these fields they rove;
All the work on earth they had to do
Was to chop wood for the stove!"

Brief and Breezy.

Well, here's a song of the springtime—
The song that will never tire:
The bluebird's a singer,
An' the bluebird's on the wire!

Certain correspondents are informed that the verses, beginning—
"If you strike a thorn or rose,
Keep a-go!"
If it falls, or if it snows,
Keep a-go!"

were originally written for this paper, and appeared, originally in this column.

The latest tribute paid to the memory of the finest Birmingham was written by James Whitcomb Riley.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Quittman, Ga., Free Press: Atlanta's famous health resort is still having a good run of patronage.

Sylvania, Ga., Press: An Atlanta man is after a fortune of \$5,000,000. There's nothing too big for Atlantians to seek after.

Augusta, Ga., Herald: Frank Stanton's friends complimented him on his birthday. May he live long and happily is the wish of The Herald.

Waycross, Ga., Herald: Atlanta has recently had a real fox chase right in the heart of the city. A policeman captured the fox. For variety, Atlanta beats all.

Tifton, Ga., Gazette: An exchange advises certain Atlanta ladies to stop boasting of their money, and "keep a-go!" As a rule, that is about the last thing the average woman cares to hear for.

Lexington, Ga., Echo: Atlanta and several other cities are acting upon The Echo's suggestions and making leaders give an account of themselves or leave the office. If they will only keep it up good will be done town and country.

Karns City, Tex., Kicker: The Atlanta Constitution not only defies the state of Georgia against the slanderous articles written and published in the north against the southern states, but never lets an opportunity slip to take up the fight of any of the adjoining states to Georgia.

Waycross, Ga., News: Atlanta gets ahead of our town in many things, but when it comes to a depot Atlanta is just not "it." We have a handsome depot now, and Waycrossville is truly proud of it, but the latest from Atlanta's depot is, plans are being drawn by which Atlanta will have a handsome depot at no distant day. But still it's on paper.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL AT THE STATE CAPITOL

There is going to be a contest over the county school commission of Dodge county which the state board of education will, in all probability, have to settle. M. L. Birch was elected a day or two ago by the county board of education to succeed J. Bishop, Sr., whose term had expired. The latter was a candidate for re-election and R. B. Calhoun was also seeking the position. The contest comes from Mr. Calhoun. The applicants for school commission have to stand an examination and Calhoun claims that he should have been chosen, as he made the highest average, while Birch made the lowest. The law, however, leaves the county boards somewhat of a loophole in that it says the board may consider moral and business qualifications and general availability. Another ground of the contest is that the successful applicant made less than 75 per cent in his examination, the percentage being fixed as a minimum by the state board of education. Again the board may state that by considering "moral and business qualifications and general availability," Birch's average was brought up to and above the 75 per cent required. The contest will bring up some interesting questions in which county school commissioners all over the state will be deeply interested.

W. F. Fliske, Georgia's assistant state entomologist, recently elected, has arrived in the city and reported for duty to State Entomologist, Mr. Fliske comes from Durham, Vt., and brings the highest recommendations as an entomologist. He will have no special work at present, but will be assigned to general duties in connection with the department of entomology. It is the intention of the state entomologist to have his assistant in the field most of the time, and he will take him over the state within a few days, visiting particularly the fruit-growing sections, where his services will be most needed.

"This promises to be the heaviest fertilizer year known in the history of the department," said one of the officials connected with the department of agriculture yesterday. "It is impossible to get at the figures yet, as none of the additions have been made, but there is every indication that the sales will surpass those of any other year since the department was created."

This statement is exactly in line with the reports from the manufacturers of fertilizers, who state that they are selling this year nearly double the amount of fertilizers that they sold last year. The stuff is being well distributed throughout the state and throughout the south, and many think the prospect for high priced cotton another year is beginning to look exceedingly gloomy.

Former Chief Justice Logan E. Bleckley was in the city yesterday, and, as usual, was an interested and an interesting visitor at the supreme court. When the judges of the supreme court were deliberating over a particularly knotty problem and Judge Bleckley is present they are always glad to have his opinion, and they always ask it. It is said on a recent visit of Judge Bleckley several of the judges of the supreme court were debating a rather difficult case. They were in a quandary and as usual they put it before Judge Bleckley and asked what he thought about it. The former chief justice went carefully over the case, and when ready to give his opinion, said:

"This is one of that sort of cases in which, no matter how you decide it, your decision will be wrong."

And it is not infrequently the case that supreme courts come across this class of cases. No matter in which way they are

decided there are some excellent points to be made on the other side.

"We are still working on the question of a manufacture of some sort for the state farm at Milledgeville," said General Clement A. Evans yesterday. "The prison commission is pursuing the investigation of hollow ware which is manufactured at five state penitentiaries, and these states have a sort of trust in the output. They ship many carloads of it into Georgia every year. There is no reason why we should not establish such a plant, provided we can be assured that it will pay. Before taking this step, however, the commission intends to be reasonably certain that the adventure will be a profitable one."

Wallace P. Reed writes in The Macon Telegraph in the following interesting vein of Mr. C. T. Ladson, the well known Atlanta attorney:

As his friends here expected, Mr. C. T. Ladson, of Atlanta, made a fine impression when he addressed the Central Labor Union of Macon.

Mr. Ladson is one of the leaders of our bar, a bright, scholarly gentleman, whose future is full of brilliant promise. He is devoted to the interests of organized labor, and his influence will do much to keep down disorderly and demagogic agitators if they ever make their appearance in Georgia.

Mr. Ladson has no political aspirations, being thoroughly in love with his profession, which has brought him distinction and fortune.

Secretary of State Phil Cook says he has had more applications for bank charters and has chartered more state banks within the last three months than within any similar period of time within his recollection. The farmers had to have a few banks ago. There have been nearly thirty banks chartered during the recent year, many of them in places where no banks existed before. Secretary Cook believes this is due to the fact that high priced cotton put so much money in the country that the farmers had to have some place to put it. This encouragement led to the establishment of an unusually large number of state banks during the year.

The Helvetia Swiss Fire Insurance Company yesterday deposited \$50,000 in registered 4 per cent United States bonds with State Treasurer Park as required by law of those fire insurance companies seeking to do business in the state. This is the first Swiss fire insurance company to come into Georgia. Its main office is at Saint Gall, Switzerland, and it is represented in New York city by Vermilye & Co.

Adjutant General J. W. Robertson has informed the military companies of the state that he is prepared to issue to each company 1,000 cartridges, 1,000 bullets and 1,000 primers for reloading for use during the target practice season, which will soon begin.

There will be no meeting of the railroad commission on Friday as has been stated. The meeting of the commission has been postponed until Friday, March 23rd.

There are no matters of importance to come before the commission. A few small depot cases will be heard and passed upon.

Attorney General J. M. Terrell returned to the city yesterday from Savannah, where he attended the Hibernian banquet on Monday night. Mr. Terrell responded to the toast, "Savannah." Both Mr. Terrell and Hon. J. Pope Brown were present at the banquet and also Tuesday in Savannah, but it is stated on good authority that the subject of the governorship was not discussed.

Hon. T. M. Swift, of Elbert, state senator, was a visitor at the capitol yesterday.

COLONEL BUCK'S CHANGE CAUSES MUCH SPECULATION

Washington, March 20.—(Special.)—The announcement that Colonel Buck, the republican leader of Georgia, will be recalled from his post as minister to Japan and assigned to some other federal office has caused a flutter of excitement among republican office holders in nearly all of the southern states. Reports have been in circulation for some time past to the effect that many of the republican are now holding presidential commissions in Georgia, South Carolina, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi and other southern states will give way to more favored members of that body when their present terms expire. Of course, all of the incumbents expect to be re-appointed, and they claim that as the administration of President McKinley was endorsed in the polls last November, they, as a part of that administration, are entitled to their reward. There are others, however, who were overlooked in the distribution of spoils four years ago, and they are putting up a pretty stiff demand for "meal tickets at the political pie counter." The latter class of patriots assert that those men who have enjoyed snug berths for the past four years should be willing to make aside and give some of the other fellows a chance. Such a proposition may sound very well in theory, but it does not work out well in practice.

Judson Lyons, register of the treasury, who is supposed to be pretty well informed on southern politics from a republican point of view, says he does not look for a general shaking up of the federal offices in the south. He was in consultation with many of the party leaders from the south who were in Washington during the inauguration period, and the general opinion seemed to be that the administration does not contemplate a new deal of federal appointments in the south. There may be some changes occasioned by resignation, transfers or a desire to improve the public service, but as a general rule all the men now in office are justified in the hope and expectation that they will be retained. So far as the appointments in Georgia are concerned, Lyons says no complaint can be made against the incumbents on the plea of inefficiency. In almost every

case the appointees have discharged their duties effectively and to the entire satisfaction of their superiors.

There is a revival of the agitation for a clean sweep by what is known as the "lily white" faction, an organization which has more shadow than substance to it. According to Lyons the lily whites come to the surface whenever there is a change of either in state or federal office, and deal of noise and confusion for the time being. When you undertake to line them up and count noses their ranks dwindle into insignificant numbers. The president and his advisors have been fully informed as to the power and influence of the lily whites, so that if a general shaking up should occur, it is hardly probable that they will cut much figure in the transaction when the redistribution of patronage takes place. The views entertained by Lyons on this subject are shared by other members of the republican organization in the south who are now in Washington looking after their own interests.

A railway mail service has been established by the postoffice department from Douglas, Ga., by way of Upton, Arkansas and Elbert, Ga., over the Waycross Air-Line railroad, six times a week, or as much oftener as trains can run. This order will go into effect April 1st.

The star service route from Elbert to Long Island, in Alabama, will be changed to commence at Waycross on March 23rd. This change will increase the length of the route by four miles.

The postoffice at Quaker, Ga., of which John P. Watkins is postmaster, is discontinued as a money order office.

The superintendent of the rural free delivery service of the postoffice department has, in compliance with requests made by Representatives Griggs and Fleming, detailed special agents to go to Georgia and make a thorough canvass of the second and tenth congressional districts with a view to enlarging the rural free delivery service in those districts. The work will be commenced at once and the routes will be established as fast as they are reported upon and approved by the department.

TRIED TO KILL FOR REVENGE.

An Attempt Is Made To Assassinate Hungarian Field Officer.

Buda Pest, March 20.—Field Marshal Jablonsky of Centosyorg, chief of the gendarmes department of the ministry of national defense, was shot at in the street this afternoon by a man who offered him a letter, which the field marshal declined to accept. Two passers-by seized the would-be assassin, who gave the name of John Gal, a former lieutenant of the gendarmes department. The prisoner said he had been dismissed for no reason, and wished to kill the field marshal out of revenge.

CAPTAIN POLE IS PROMOTED.

Tennesseean Brevetted Major For Gallantry in Philippine War.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 20.—Captain Lucius F. Polk, of Nashville, Tenn., has been promoted to the rank of brevet major for gallantry in action at Hilonog Layte, P. I., on May 6th, 1900, when he was wounded three times severely. He is a grand nephew of ex-President Polk and a brother of Congressman Rufus K. Polk, of Pennsylvania. He served in Cuba as lieutenant of the Fourth Tennessee volunteers.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

Throughout the bounds of the English-speaking world profound regret was caused by the announcement that Sir Edwin Arnold, the author of "The Light of Asia," has completely lost his eyesight. This information is contained in a letter

received direct from the poet himself, who now carries on his work with the assistance of an amanuensis.

CENTURY BUILDING
WILL SOON GO UPTen or Twelve Story Structure
in Heart of City.

ON ALABAMA AND WHITEHALL

Century Building Will Be of Steel
Frame and Fireproof—To Be
Erected by the Century
Building Company of
Atlanta.

Atlanta is to have another sky scraper, going up ten and probably twelve stories. The newly planned structure, for which final arrangements were completed yesterday, will be built jointly by the George W. Scott Investment Company and the Atlanta National bank at the corner of Whitehall and Alabama streets.

A petition for charter was filed yesterday by the projectors under the corporate name of the Century Building Company of Atlanta, and the new structure, when completed, will be known as the Century building.

Through Ciem R. Harris, the syndicate yesterday completed the purchase of the old Merchants' bank property on Alabama street, and this strip combined with the James bank property has a frontage on Whitehall street of over seventy-four feet running back along the north side of Alabama street 156 feet to the alley leading from Alabama street to the railroad.

Situated directly at the south end of the vacant and accessible alley to both sides of the city, the Century building will occupy one of the most central sites in the city.

Work To Begin in Summer.

Work on the big structure, which is to be used as a bank and office building, will be started as soon as the building plans can be completed and the leases on parts of the present buildings can be terminated.

Representatives of the syndicate stated yesterday that the Century building would be of steel frame and fireproof and that it would be pushed to completion by the first spring months of next year.

The corner offices in the building will be reserved for the Atlanta National bank. The Atlanta National bank owns the office it now occupies on Alabama street, but superior inducements in the way of office conveniences have brought about arrangements for its removal to the new site.

Above the first floor, handsome, well-lighted and thoroughly ventilated offices will be constructed, and with safe and ample elevator service and all the modern conveniences of metropolitan office buildings, the projectors predict that every office will be leased months before the building can be completed.

It is expected by the company to commence work as soon as one or two leases can be terminated, and that the Century building will be ready for occupancy next spring.

NEW IMPROVEMENT COMPANY

Charter Applied For Yesterday.
Company To Be Capitalized
at \$200,000.

Atlanta is to have another big real estate and land improvement company. A petition was filed in the superior court yesterday for a charter for the "Century Building Company of Atlanta," the corporation to be capitalized at \$200,000. The petition was filed by Attorneys Candler & Thomson.

The incorporators of the company are George W. Scott, H. T. Inman, F. E. Bloch, George B. Scott and C. M. Candler. The stock is to be divided into shares of \$100 each, and the right is requested to increase the capital stock to an amount not exceeding \$300,000.

The nature of the business, as stated in the petition, is the purchase, improvement, sale and lease of real estate; also to deal in any class of property, real or personal. The petition asks that the concern be incorporated for a period of twenty years, with the privilege of renewal at the expiration of that period.

THOMAS D. FRIERSON DEAD.

Pioneer Citizen Passed Away in His
Eighty-Sixth Year Last
Night.

Thomas D. Frierion, one of Atlanta's oldest and most respected citizens, died at his late residence, 36 Crew street, at 9:30 o'clock last night, after an illness of several months' duration. Arrangements for the funeral, which will occur Friday, have not yet been perfected. The interment will be at Oakland.

Mr. Frierion is survived by a wife and several children, two sons, T. A. Frierion and C. R. Frierion, being residents of Atlanta, and a daughter, Mrs. P. O. Knight, a resident of Tampa, Fla. He was born in 1815 and his long life was filled with good works. He was a valued member of the First Presbyterian church.

No Liquor for Minors.

London, March 20.—The house of commons today passed on second reading a bill prohibiting the sale or delivery of intoxicants to persons under sixteen years of age. The vote stood 87 to 54.

A Gentleman's Watch

Should be as accurate and reliable as he is. On the faithful performance of its duty may depend some of the most important events of the owner's life, and the difference of a minute may mean fortune or misfortune to him. We have an extraordinary stock of Fine Watches; perfect in mechanism, and having the lasting qualities desirable in such an intimate friend. It will be very much to your interest to examine this stock.

MAIER & BERKELE,
31 Whitehall St.CHURCH HOSPITAL IS
ASSURED IN WORK OF
LADIES' AUXILIARYPresbyterian Hospital for Atlanta Will Have a Notable
Beginning—Committee on Location Made
Report at Meeting Yesterday.

THE Ladies' Auxiliary of the proposed Presbyterian hospital held an enthusiastic meeting yesterday afternoon in the Young Men's Christian Association building, and from reports of the work accomplished, the indications are that the hospital will be opened in a very short time. The ladies have an option on a large residence at the corner of Jackson street and Angier avenue, for the location of the hospital, and it is likely that this building will be selected.

The committee on location has been investigating this property and they made a report of their progress to the meeting yesterday afternoon. The building contains twelve rooms, and there is also additional room in an outside structure, making the place an admirable location for the hospital.

The contract has so far not been signed, as the committee desired to make a further investigation, they being unable to go through the building on their former visit, owing to repairs being made.

The committee on arrangements reported that fifteen beds have already been promised, and the dining room and kitchen committee reported that furniture and fixtures of various kinds had been contributed.

All of the beds are to be uniform, and some of them are memorial beds. A memorial bed can be secured for \$15. A great deal of interest is being manifested in the hospital movement, and the committee on subscriptions is now working to increase the membership of the auxiliary to 500.

This committee will also begin the active work of securing subscriptions to the institution in a very short time. The association blanks have already been printed. The annual membership fee of the Hospital Association is \$5, and \$100 entitles to life membership.

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FRED BUSH GOES
TO CINCINNATIPromoted To Be Division Passenger
Agent.

WAS APPOINTED YESTERDAY

MOBILE AND OHIO DIRECTORS MEET
Old Employee of Louisville and
Nashville.All Department Officials Retained.
Spencer Succeeded Russell as
President—Other Changes.

Fred D. Bush, one of the best known passenger men in the south and for many years district passenger agent of the Louisville and Nashville in Atlanta, has been promoted to be division passenger agent of the road at Cincinnati. The appointment was announced yesterday morning by General Passenger Agent Stone.

Mr. Bush succeeds Jackson Smith, who resigned some weeks ago. A successor to Mr. Bush has not been announced. Much interest has been felt in the appointment of a successor to Division Passenger Agent Smith at Cincinnati. The position is one of the most important in the passenger department of the road. The appointment of Mr. Bush is a recognition of the value of his services in the past. The appointment becomes effective at once, and Mr. Bush will close his office here as soon as his successor is appointed.

Than Fred Bush there is no better known or liked passenger man in the southeast. He has been with the Louisville and Nashville road for over twenty years. His service has been principally in this territory.

In Cincinnati he will occupy an important and responsible position. His sphere of duties will be greatly enlarged. He will be the highest passenger official of the Louisville and Nashville in Cincinnati.

He has a great number of friends in this territory who are elected his promotion with a great deal of pleasure.

Directors Meet in New York.

A great wave of peace and calm will spread over the Mobile and Ohio officials as a result of the meeting of the board of directors of the road held in New York yesterday.

It was known that whatever changes in officials were to come as a result of the absorption of the road by the Southern Railway would develop at the meeting. All the existing department officers were confirmed and approved. The only changes made were those expected in the making of the reorganization and principal executive officers.

Samuel Spencer, A. B. Andrews and W. W. Finley were elected directors in place of James H. Fay, W. Butler Duncan, Jr., and W. E. Cook. The new president, Samuel Spencer was elected president. A. B. Andrews vice president and W. W. Finley second vice president of the company. L. Russell was elected general counsel and W. Butler Duncan was re-elected chairman of the board. Other officers were re-elected and existing department officers confirmed and approved.

President Spencer takes the place of E. L. Russell, who has been chief executive and general manager of the Mobile and Ohio for the past four years. Colonel A. B. Andrews, first vice president of the Southern, passed through Atlanta yesterday en route from Chattanooga to Raleigh. His private car went out on train No. 34 on the Southern, leaving here at 12:30 o'clock.

On Monday next a meeting is to be held in Cleveland to fix new basing rates for tourist business to the south. Heretofore Ohio river gateways have had an advantage over roads going through Washington, the latter maintaining a rate that was from \$1 to \$1.50 higher. The understanding has been that the Pennsylvania held the rates up in order to protect its Washington business, but it is asserted that while this was successful business going south has been affected. Eastern lines want to harmonize the rates and place the rate via Washington on an equality with the Ohio river gateways. In this movement the Pennsylvania is understood to be the leader, and is being supported by the Baltimore and Ohio.

GRAIN-O
THE PURE
GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c and 35c.

SUSPECTS FINED
AND TOLD TO LEAVERecorder Broyles Outlaws Varilla and
Drew.

HEAVY FINES ARE IMPOSED

Atlanta Has No Room for Loiterers,
Declares the Judge.

BOTH MEN ARE HELD TEMPORARILY

Varilla Is Fined \$70 and Drew \$25.
Arrested on Suspicion of Pick-
ing Pockets.

Heavy fines were imposed on the two suspects arrested Tuesday night by the detectives who were investigating the recent cases of pocket picking in the city. Recorder Broyles said that while there was no evidence to prove that the two prisoners had been guilty of picking pockets, yet they were in town loitering about with no employment and Atlanta had no room for such characters.

The prisoners, who gave their names as Paul Drew and H. Walton Varilla, were arrested in the police court yesterday afternoon on the charge of idling and loitering. Varilla was fined \$60 and Drew \$35. They were held over at the police barracks twenty-four hours in order to give them time to raise the amount of the fines.

As stated in yesterday's Constitution, Varilla, who also goes by the name of Walton, was partially indicted by Dr. Hanchett, whose pocket was picked of \$200 Tuesday morning on a trolley car. While the doctor would not swear that Varilla was the man, yet he said he firmly believed he was.

Dr. Hanchett had to leave the city yesterday morning, as he is on a lecturing tour, and could not appear as a witness in the recorder's court. This left the detectives at a loss how to proceed, but they finally decided to enter city cases on the charge of idling and loitering.

The prisoners were represented by counsel and they both stated they were paper hangers by trade and came from Louisville to get work.

Varilla has been in Atlanta a month and drew three weeks. During that time they have not done any work. Varilla told the recorder that his father sent him money and he gave a part of it to his friend Drew.

"There is no room in Atlanta for such people as you two," said Recorder Broyles to the prisoners, "and I will impose heavy fines on you with the understanding that as soon as the fines are paid you both leave the city. If you do not leave, you will be arrested again and given the full limit of the law. There is no positive evidence to show that you had anything to do with the pocket picking, but the coincidence of your presence in Atlanta and the stealing is remarkable, so remarkable in fact that I feel justified in fining Varilla \$50 and Drew \$25. I make Varilla's fine the largest because Dr. Hanchett believed he was one of the thieves."

The men were held over and will remain at the police barracks twenty-four hours, as they stated they could telegraph home for the money to pay the fines.

The police are looking for other such loafers and if they are found they will be arrested and carried before the recorder.

DISTILLER PAYS FOR LIBERTY

\$1,000 Is What It Cost W. E. Cook,
of Red Oak, To Tamper with
Uncle Sam.

W. E. Cook, of Red Oak, charged with removing brandy from his registered distillery without paying the revenue tax and making false reports, offered to pay \$1,000 in settlement of all criminal liability, which was accepted by Judge Newman, of the United States court, pending the consideration of the offer by the commissioner of internal revenue at Washington. The \$1,000 was deposited with the revenue collector, and Cook was released.

When the case was called in court Monday, Cook's attorney pleaded the illness of his client for his non-appearance and exhibited a physician's certificate in proof. Judge Newman took no stock in the plea of illness, and declared Cook's bonds in four cases, aggregating \$1,800, forfeited. Bench warrants were issued, and the jail physician sent along with the deputy marshal to investigate Cook's health, which was found robust enough to justify the trip to Atlanta, and he was, accordingly, brought to court.

Little Sisters of the Poor.

The Little Sisters of the Poor conduct in Savannah a home for the aged. All denominations are represented in the inmates, nearly four score. Two sisters representing this worthy charity are paying an annual visit to Atlanta and any aid that may be given them will be a blessing conferred and appreciated. The home has no income, but depends on collections.

VOLUME 7, No. 4 THE DELINEATOR April, 1901

GONE AGAIN

The entire edition of the MARCH number of The Delineator. The APRIL NUMBER is now ready—
650,000

Single copies, 15 cts. Send \$1.00 to-day and get for an entire year this beautiful and useful magazine.

Every issue of THE DELINEATOR contains: FASHIONS: The Coming and Going Styles, Hats and Trimmings, Hosiery, Trimmings and Millinery, HOME-MADE AND BOUTIQUE, The Latest in Dress, Cookery, Society and the Social Game, Pastimes for Children, Girls' Interests and Occupations, Gardening, Embroidery, Crocheting, Lace, OUR BEST AUTHORS: Poetry and Prose, Doings of the Day, 1,800 pages per year.

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY THE BUTTERICK PUBLISHING CO. (INC.)

\$1.00 A YEAR 15 CENTS A COPY

PARIS, LONDON, NEW YORK, TORONTO.

ENTERED AT THE POST OFFICE, N.Y., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER

CONFERRED ABOUT CRUSADE

Chief Turner and Dr. Holderby Discussed Plans Yesterday.

MINISTERS BACK THE CHIEF

Chief Turner Says He Will Give
Chief Manly Reasonable Time
To Enforce Sunday Law.

As was indicated in The Constitution of yesterday, Chief of County Police Turner and Dr. A. B. Holderby, chairman of the committee on Sabbath desecration of the Ministers' Evangelical Association, held a conference yesterday morning, at which Dr. Holderby pledged the support of the ministers' association to Chief Turner in his crusade against violators of the Sunday law. The minister and the chief discussed the matter for about an hour and the chief unfolded his plan of campaign by which he hopes to suppress the violation of the Sunday law.

The chief still adheres to his plan to come into the city, but he stated that he would give Chief Manly a reasonable length of time to take action before he proceeds. The idea of Chief Manly is that if they do not heed his instructions he will give all of those who are involved in his mandate an opportunity to obey the law, but he expresses determination and announces that he will present their names to the grand jury.

Dr. Holderby was very favorably impressed with the attitude of the chief and he offered him the assistance and cooperation of the ministers. The chief stated to Dr. Holderby that the report had gone out that he was in league with the ministers, and he was in good company, however," commented the chief.

JEROME JONES SPEAKS
TO TEXAS LAWMAKERS

Jerome Jones, of this city, who is now in Texas representing the cause of organized labor before the Texas legislature, writes interestingly of the session which is now drawing to a close. Recently Jerome Jones was accorded a hearing by the Texas house of representatives, and his speech made a fine impression on his audience.

Jerome Jones writes of the Texas situation in the following interesting vein: Austin, Tex., March 17.—Thanks to letters from Governor Allen D. Candler and Clark Howell, my reception with the public men here has been most cordial. Governor Sayers always finds time to engage in a friendly chat.

It is probable that the Texas legislature will adjourn about April 8th, but will reconvene one month later, and will then hold another thirty days—for an extra session the law allows only thirty days. If it is found that the volume of business on hand will not admit of an adjournment on April 8th, so that the business of the session can be wound up in thirty days, then they will not adjourn until May, take the thirty days necessary and assemble in June.

The indications are that the session will hold over until July.

The members seem not unfriendly to labor legislation. Of course, after adjournment it is not likely the statutes will be burdened with labor laws, but some labor legislation Texas will get. The eight-hour bill will pass if the wise ones are to be believed; the label printing bill also, and the compulsory arbitration bill will surely be defeated.

I called on ex-Governor Hogg yesterday. After telling him I was from Georgia, he remarked: "By gittins, I never was in Georgia, but I have seen some people from that state, and as soon as they get in Texas they are running a church, a singing school or for office; and as for Tennesseeans, they just grab all offices in sight."

All of this was said in perfect good humor.

It struck me when he spoke of the hardships of the tolling masses under present conditions it was as one who felt what he said, and not as a demagogue or one who desired to please the hearer.

Of the labor movement he spoke as if

FARM LOANS

Negotiated in any section of Georgia. Correspondents wanted in every good county. Our rates are the lowest and our plans are the best.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN,
Gould Building, Atlanta.

In perfect accord with all the efforts to better the condition of the toilers.

It was my privilege to spend some time with Representative McCall, the man who had the courage to go up against Joe Bailey. Mr. McCall is a young man, and of Tennessee stock, and is devoid of fear. Mr. Bailey is on the ground at present fighting a resolution introduced by Mr. McCall tending upon the subject that caused so much talk at the beginning of the session.

It is a law in the state that the house of representatives cannot be obtained by any person for a meeting without the unanimous consent of the house. The privilege was asked on Thursday, and was obtained, and Friday night I addressed an audience of 1,000 in the house. Nearly all the members attended the speaking, and the speaker was introduced by the presiding officer of the house.

JEROME JONES.

LOCAL SHORT ITEMS.

MRS. MARY J. HARRIS DIED EARLY yesterday morning at the home of her mother, Mrs. Sarah Davis, in Decatur. Miss Davis had been an invalid for some time. She was thirty years old. The funeral will occur from the Presbyterian church at Decatur at 11 o'clock this morning, and the body will be laid to rest in Westview.

MISS ANNIE O. DAVIS DIED EARLY yesterday morning at the home of her mother, Mrs. Sarah Davis, in Decatur. Miss Davis had been an invalid for some time. She was thirty years old. The funeral will occur from the Presbyterian church at Decatur at 11 o'clock this morning, and the body will be laid to rest in Westview.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT court yesterday James Crane, of Dawson county, was sentenced by Judge Newman to eighteen months in the state prison at Nashville, Tenn., for illicit distilling. Three cases against him were consolidated, and he is an old offender.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT yesterday in the case of Mrs. Felliciana R. Miles versus the New South Building and Loan Association on reference of intervention to the master, petition for appeal was dismissed at the instance of the complainant.

OWING TO THE ILLNESS OF JUROR John S. Broomhead, a mistrial was yesterday declared in the case of Mrs. A. Franklin against the Southern Agricultural Works. Mrs. Franklin is suing for \$10,000 for the death of her son, and the case has been on trial before Judge Reid in the city court since Monday.

WANTS HEAVY DAMAGES.

John H. Austin Brings Suit Against
the W. & A. Railroad Company
for \$15,000.

John H. Austin, through his attorneys, Arnold & Arnold, yesterday filed suit against the Western and Atlantic railroad to recover \$15,000 damages. The plaintiff sets forth that on February 27th last he was a switchman in the company's employ and was adjusting the coupling apparatus of an engine when another engine, under the same management, struck the plaintiff and smashed him severely.

It is claimed that the company was negligent. The injuries of the plaintiff are set forth in detail. The suit is brought to the May term of the city court.

She Was Posted.

Chicago Tribune: "The bride must have studied the marriage service a long time."

"What makes you think so?"

"When the officiating minister faltered she prompted him."

DEATH OF MRS. G.B. SAUNDERS

The Body Will Be Sent to New Orleans
for Interment
Today.

Mrs. Octavia H. Saunders, wife of George B. Saunders, bookkeeper for the real estate firm of G. W. Adair, died at her late residence, No. 29 East Harris street, yesterday afternoon in the thirty-fourth year of her age.

Mrs. Saunders had been ill for several months and her death will be sincerely mourned by her many friends. The body will be shipped to New Orleans this afternoon.

EVANSVILLE ROUTE
TO CHICAGODouble Daily Service Via W. & A. R.
R. and Evansville Route to Chicago.

Leave Atlanta 8:15 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. Arrive Chicago 9:15 a. m. and 5:30 p. m. Solid vestibule trains, Nashville to Chicago, with elegant dining cars. Pullman palace sleeping cars Atlanta to Chicago, through without change. For ticket, etc., apply to C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot; J. A. Thomas, city ticket agent, No. 1 N. Fryer st.; S. L. Rogers, T. F. A., No. 8 Kimball house.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills. They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels. No Reckless Assertion. For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse TUTT'S LIVER PILLS.

Spring 1901

Tailoring
Department

Everything is in full swing. The finest assortment of Suitings and Trouserings we have ever collected together. Exclusive designs from the best foreign mills—no two alike—one better and more attractive than the other. Our cutters and designers are awake to the demands of "Dressy Atlanta."

HIRSCH BROS.
44 Whitehall.

UNPRECEDENTED IN THE ANNALS OF SPECIAL SALES

CERTAIN CONDITIONS ONLY MAKE THE UNLOOKED-FOR POSSIBLE.

Last Spring our Manufactory in Baltimore was delayed very much in getting certain woolsens from the mills. For some reason or other these mills did not turn out the goods in time and there was a delay all around. As these goods were contracted for, they had to be made up and we received our share here—in the most stylish and elegantly made up suits—but too late to sell all of them that season. Now we have these goods, consisting of

Men's, Youths', Boys' and Children's Spring Suits

AND OFFER THEM AT A DISCOUNT OF **25 %** FROM PRICES THEY ARE MARKED FOR SALE.

CASH SALE

These are not Winter Goods or some Back Numbers that we are trying to get rid of. Please Remember This.....

POSITIVELY TO LAST
NOT EXCEEDING 10 DAYS

Every Suit Bears Our Name and Our Guarantee Is Behind Every Garment You Buy.

The construction of the viaduct, which will begin in a few days, is at the bottom of this unusual offer; we are in a dilemma as to what to do with our stock when we tear down our present building to erect our new one. The only feasible plan left to us is to reduce it by the quickest means possible. A 25% DISCOUNT ON GOODS AT THE BEGINNING OF A SEASON is something that no one should pass by unnoticed, and while we now have the sizes to fit nearly everybody, it may not be so in a week from now. At all events this sale will go on

FOR A LIMITED TIME ONLY.

ATLANTA,
Stores: BALTIMORE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Men's \$10.00 Spring Suits, only.....	\$ 7.50
" 12.00 " " " " " " " " " " " "	9.00
" 15.00 " " " " " " " " " " " "	11.25
" 16.50 " " " " " " " " " " " "	12.37
" 20.00 " " " " " " " " " " " "	15.00

Every Suit
Guaranteed

Boys' and Children's \$3.00 Spring Suits.....	\$2.25
" " " " " " " " " " " " " "	3.75
" " " " " " " " " " " " " "	4.50
" " " " " " " " " " " " " "	5.62
" " " " " " " " " " " " " "	7.50

ATLANTA,
Stores: BALTIMORE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

Men's and Boys'
Outfitters.

EISEMAN BROS.

11,13,15,17 Whitehall
Street.

MAY PASS ON LIGHTING GRANT

Aldermanic Board Will Meet
This Afternoon.

ORDINANCE IS ON TABLE

Can Be Called Up To Be Acted
Upon at Any Time and by
Any Member of the Al-
dermanic Board.

The aldermanic board will meet in regular session this afternoon at 3 o'clock in the council chamber. The principal matter in the hands of the board for action at this time is the franchise for an electric lighting plant proposed to be granted the Atlanta Railway and Power Company.

The franchise as it now stands can be called up at any time by any member of the board. At the last meeting action was indefinitely postponed. If the paper is taken up this afternoon it will be for the third time. On two previous occasions the franchise was tabled, the applicants for the grant making no objection to the ordinance taking that course. Two weeks ago at the meeting of the aldermanic board Joel Hurt and Captain Clifford L. Anderson appeared before the board and explained why no objection had been made to the delay of action on the paper. It was stated that men in the north who were financially interested in the proposed electric light plant were not sure in their own minds that they could accept the franchise with the amendments proposed.

Captain Anderson, as the attorney to whom the matter had been referred, said there was an important legal aspect to the case, and that he had been asked by those interested to look into the matter as carefully as possible. This work, he stated, would doubtless require some time and for that reason the parties interested were in no great hurry for final action to be taken on the measure.

At the same meeting two weeks ago mention was made by members of the board concerning the rumors that a consolidation of interests of the two electric railway companies was contemplated. Both Alderman Harvey Johnson and Alderman LeHatte stated in no uncertain terms that they would fight any effort at consolidation.

Those rumors, it is believed, have put the members of the aldermanic board on their mettle, and it is expected that an effort will be made to call the paper up from the table so that definite and decided action may be taken on it at once. Several new amendments other than those offered by council have been proposed by councilmen, and if the franchise is to be acted upon today these amendments will doubtless be offered by some of the aldermen.

May Extend the Viaduct.
Another matter that will come up for action is the proposed extension of the

Whitehall viaduct fifteen feet on the southern end to allow Messrs. Eiseman Bros., who contemplate erecting a handsome new building on the site of their present store, to have a basement entrance on Whitehall street.

When Messrs. Eiseman Bros. made application for this extension, the matter was referred to the finance committee and bridge committee of council for consideration. These committees in joint session were in favor of the extension and so reported to council at its last meeting. The extension will cost \$1,966.94, which amount it is proposed to provide in the June appropriation.

LUNACY WRIT WITHDRAWN.

Accordingly Attorney L. I. Woolf Was Not Tried Yesterday Before Judge Wilkinson.

The writ of lunacy, which had been sworn out against Attorney L. I. Woolf, was yesterday morning withdrawn by Attorney George Roberts, representing the party who had applied for the writ. The trial of the lawyer was set for yesterday morning at 10:30 o'clock before Judge Wilkinson, and the writ was withdrawn just before the time for the case to be heard. Accordingly Woolf was not tried. Attorney L. B. Austin, representing Woolf, and he stated yesterday that it was his intention to secure a writ of habeas corpus and endeavor to take the two young daughters of Woolf from the custody of Mrs. Woolf, claiming that she is not a proper person to care for them.

This rain will start everything to growing, and you will be getting your garden seeds in the ground. But before you can plant you must fix your ground. This requires tools, so go to the King Hardware Co. They will sell you good Hoes and Rakes for 20 cents each. Spading Forks for 65 cents and nice little Floral Sinks for 10 cents.

SWITCH ENGINES COLLIDE.

Engineer Hunnicutt, of the Southern Road, Was Painfully Hurt. Taken to the Hospital.

A switch engine on the Southern and a switch engine on the Georgia railroad collided near the Boulevard crossing yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock, and Engineer George W. Hunnicutt, of the Southern, was painfully injured. The engines struck one another while both were approaching the point where the tracks crossed and there was no room for them to pass.

Going to Chicago.

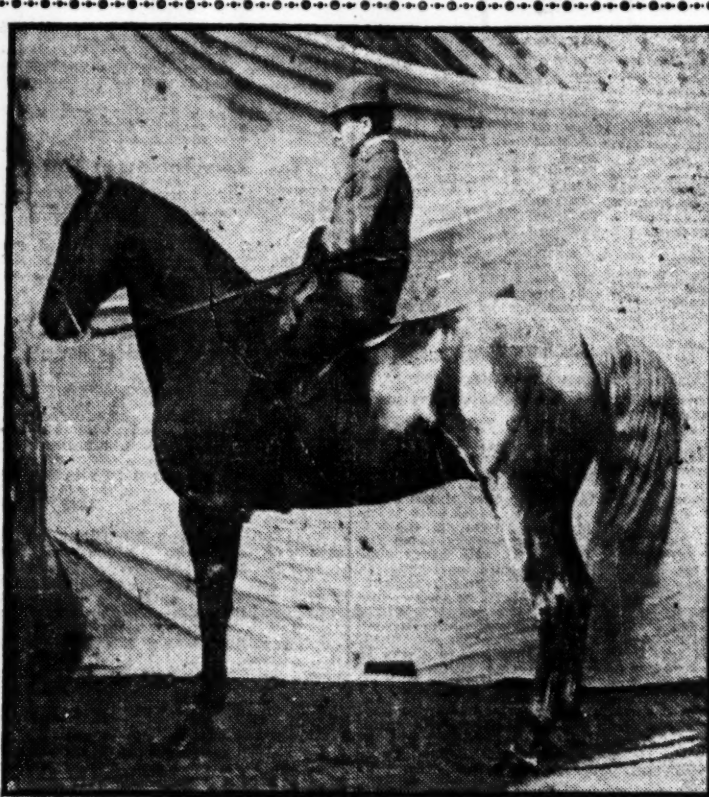
Southern railway offers to the traveling public three trains each week from Atlanta to Chicago, and two on Sunday, via Chattanooga and Cincinnati, or Louisville.

Trains leave Atlanta at 5:30 a. m. daily, arriving Chicago next morning at 7 o'clock; leave 4 o'clock p. m. daily, arriving Chicago next afternoon 5 o'clock; leave 10:30 p. m. daily, except Sunday, arriving Chicago next evening 8:30 p. m. Through sleeping cars. This is the best service ever afforded Atlanta to Chicago.

For tickets, berths and information call at Kimball house ticket office, phone 142, or union depot, phone 176.

BROOKS MORGAN, District Passenger Agent.

PRIZE WINNER AT SHOW BRINGS A FANCY PRICE



"Jack," the Bay Gelding That Brought \$1,000 Yesterday.

"JACK," the splendid equine specimen belonging to Frank M. Steward, of this city, was yesterday sold to C. M. Sanderson, of Newark, N. J., for \$1,000, the largest amount ever paid for a horse in Atlanta.

At the horse show last fall "Jack" attracted probably more attention than any horse in the paddock. He will be recalled as the winner of five different ribbons, including the sweepstakes saddle ring, in which he competed with stallions, mares and geldings.

"Jack" is a bay gelding, five years old, by Waxey out of Rome Artist mare. He is saddle bred and it is claimed for him that he is equally good in harness. The horse came from Gallatin, Tenn., where he was purchased last fall by Frank Stewart, who paid \$500 for him.

While wintering in Florida, C. M. Sanderson, of Newark, N. J., heard of "Jack" and on his way north he came by Atlanta to see the horse and if possible buy him. After a brief inspection yesterday morning, in which Mr. Sanderson professed himself thoroughly pleased with the horse, the purchase price was fixed at \$1,000, of which \$250 was paid on the spot. According to contract "Jack" is to be delivered to his new owner at Newark, N. J., during the first week of April.

C. M. Sanderson stated yesterday that he had bought "Jack" simply as a saddle horse for his own use. "I consider him," said he, "one of the finest specimens of horseflesh I have ever seen. I believe he would easily bring \$1,500 in the eastern market."

DRAPER-COGGINS SHOE CO.

Have had several hundred cases of New Shoes shipped them since the fire that they will close out at cost. All seasonable goods can be found at Eliasburg Bros. office, old Moore & Marsh building.

COME QUICK IF YOU WANT THEM.

DRAPER-COGGINS SHOE CO.

DELEGATES TO GO TO PHILADELPHIA

Governor Candler Names Fifty-Eight To Represent Georgia.

PROM ALL PARTS OF STATE
Georgia Expected To Have Full and Able Delegation.

MANY WANTED THE APPOINTMENT
Convention of Southern Industrial Association To Be Held June 4th to 7th.

Governor Candler yesterday appointed fifty-eight delegates from Georgia to the convention of the Southern Industrial Association, which will be held in Philadelphia beginning June 4th.

These delegates were selected from every city and section in the state, and every one of them is a representative Georgian. They are principally men who are engaged in or connected with industrial pursuits, who will take a deep interest in the work that the convention has in hand, especially in the coming convention, that of placing information at first hand with regard to the industries of the south, before the people of the north and east.

The governor spent nearly the entire morning yesterday in fixing up this list, and he did not finally complete it until about 4 o'clock in the afternoon. He wanted to secure men who would interest themselves in the occasion, and who, where it is possible for them to do so, will attend the convention.

In spite of the fact that the position was purely honorary, there was a great demand upon the governor for these appointments. His mail yesterday morning contained a large number of letters with regard to them, and he received many telephone messages during the day yesterday. The list as completed is as follows:

Colonel Ed L. Wright, Albany; J. W. Wheatley, Americus; A. H. Hodgson, Athens; Governor W. J. Northen, Atlanta; Governor R. B. Bullock, Atlanta; T. B. Neal, Atlanta; Lyman A. Redwine, Atlanta; Hon. Jacob Philips, Augusta; James P. Verdery, Augusta; Hon. J. E. Donaldson, Bainbridge; Hon. W. T. Smith, Buford; A. P. Bracy, Blackshear; J. W. Stafford, Barnesville; John Postell, Cartersville; Colonel W. S. Coleman, Cedartown; Hon. G. Gunby Jordan, Columbus; Hon. Henry Goetzhus, Columbus; Hon. Oliver Porter, Covington; R. T. Kennimer, Cleveland; Hon. C. L. Bass, Clarksville; Dennis Barrett, Dalton; Hon. W. M. Tagdale, Decatur; J. K. Swift, Elberton; W. W. Ashburn, Eastman; Dr. R. E. Green, Gainesville; Victor Montgomery, Gainesville; W. J. Kincaid, Griffin; Dr. L. G. Hardman, Harmony Grove; John Hinton, Sr., High Shoals; W. B. McCants, Hoschton; Hon. J. Pope Brown, Hawkinsville; Hon. H. W. Bell, Jefferson; Dr. W. C. Bryant, Jackson; Colonel Steve Tate, Jasper; Hon. R. D. Rinder, Greenville; Hon. Bridges Smith, Macon; George A. Smith, Macon; B. T. Bethune, Milledgeville; B. S. Walker, Monroe; F. C. Foster, Milledgeville; D. N. Anderson, Marietta; H. C. Arnold, Newnan; Hon. J. L. Hand, Pel-

ham; R. C. McIntosh, Quitman; John Seay, Rome; C. W. Crowley, Roswell; Hon. D. P. Ferguson, Sparta; Hon. Columbus Heard, Siloam; Hon. James M. Smith, Smithtown; Major G. M. Ryals, Savannah; Hon. Herman Myers, Savannah; General W. W. Gordon, Savannah; Hon. W. M. Hammond, Thomasville; Ed Shaefer, Toccoa; Hon. W. S. West, Valdosta; Hon. W. A. Wilkins, Waynesboro; Hon. L. G. Johnson, Waycross; T. M. Green, Washington.

Out of the foregoing fifty-eight delegates it is expected that at least twenty-five or thirty will attend the convention. Several of them have already informed the governor that they would go, and he is counting on an able and a substantial representation for Georgia.

Governor Candler is himself anxious to attend, and will do so if he has no business on hand at the time to prevent.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of *Castor H. Hatcher*

"ORDER OF COLUMBIA."
Petition for Charter Filed for New Secret Order of That Name.

The "Order of Columbia" is the name of a new secret order, for which application for a charter was made yesterday in the superior court. The petition was filed by Attorney Shepard Bryan.

The nature of the organization is to be similar to other secret orders. It will have no capital stock. The incorporators named in the petition are C. M. Faine, Charles R. Normandy, C. T. Cash, Shepard Bryan and Charles M. Jerome.

The corporation is to be composed of a governing body, known as the "assembly," an administrative body, known as the "court," and local organizations, each to be known as "unity."

THE NEW MILITIA DISTRICT.

Governor Signs the Order Creating the Hapeville District.

Governor Candler signed an order yesterday creating a new militia district in Fulton county. This is what has been called the Hapeville district, but in the annals and archives of the state it will be known simply as district No. 1,889 G. M.

This is the new district for which the county commissioners recently provided upon the petition of a hundred or more citizens of that section. The new district was lopped off from the old East Point district, and includes the town of Hapeville, but not East Point or College Park. The district was surveyed by C. S. Roberts, county surveyor, and is bounded on the west by the Atlanta and West Point railroad, on the east by the South Bend district, on the north by the Black Hall district, and on the south by Clayton county.

No foreign substance enters into Cook's Imperial Dry Champagne. It's the pure juice of the grapes naturally fermented.

On the King Hardware Co.'s Bargain Counter are to be found many of the very best steel tools. True, they are very slightly damaged, but really as good as they ever were, and you can get them at reduced prices—many of them at half price. These are tools yet left of the Clark Hardware Co. stock. Carpenters needing anything in this line would do well to call soon, for these bargains are going very fast.

TO CONSIDER THE LIMIT EXTENSION

Sub-Committee Today Will Visit Suburban Districts

TO SEE LAY OF THE LAND
Various Sections Will Be Considered by Committee's Members.

MAY RECOMMEND AN EXTENSION

If So, Meeting Will Be Held So That District Residents Can Be Heard Regarding Matter.

The first real work looking to the redistricting of Atlanta will begin this morning when the sub-committee recently appointed to investigate this particular matter will make a tour of inspection of the various sections of the city to ascertain if it would be desirable to extend the city limits so as to take in several flourishing suburbs.

The sub-committee is composed of the following named gentlemen: John S. Parks, chairman; Mayor Mims, City Engineer Clayton, Councilman W. A. Fincher, Marlon Jackson, J. S. Holland, Alderman George Y. Pierce, Forrest Adair and Fulton Colville.

This sub-committee was appointed by Chairman Barrett at the recent meeting of the general committee, composed of members from council and the city at large, appointed by Mayor Pro Tem. Harvey Johnson to investigate the advisability of redistricting the city. At that meeting it developed that the first matter that should be disposed of was the question of whether or not the city limits ought to be extended.

When this matter is definitely settled then it will be for the general committee to determine the question of redistricting the entire city. It appears to be the consensus of opinion that the city should be divided into ten instead of seven wards and it is expected that the redistricting committee will so recommend to council.

The sub-committee will meet this morning at 9 o'clock in the mayor's office and in carriages will visit several sections of the city. It is expected that north Atlanta will be visited first. Cook's district, Reynoldstown, Pittsburg and other adjacent districts will be visited, that the members of the committee may familiarize themselves with the topography of these sections.

In the event the sub-committee recommends that the city limits be extended so as to take in one or more of these districts it is expected that a public meeting will be arranged, that the residents in the sections proposed to be annexed may have an opportunity of being heard in regard to the matter. The work of the committee will doubtless be watched with considerable interest, as the matter in hand is of great importance to more than one section of the city.

For LaGrippe and influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

A SMALL MARKET

Trading in Cotton Mostly Confined to Room Traders.

THE UNDERTONE WAS WEAK

Chicago Markets, Except Corn, Closed Higher—Stocks Eagerly Sold—Sharp Decline Result.

New York, March 20.—The cotton market went easy at a decline of 1/16 point, cables being disappointing and the general influence much the same as the day yesterday, when they were generally adverse. About the only support the market had was derived from covering by conservative shorts, but as a class the local traders were more inclined to sell and with a few feeble rallies at intervals the market gradually declined until a loss of 1/16 point was scored. There was less pressure in the way of liquidation, and on the comparatively low prices—the lowest for many months past—there was buying for long account. But most of the time the market was small with trading confined to room operators. Indications of continued heavy port and interior receipts and further adverse accounts from cotton goods gave a weak undertone to the general situation. The close was quiet and steady at about the lowest point of the day, the net decline being 1/16 point.

MARKET FOR SPOTS HEAVY.

New Orleans, March 20.—A rather unusual amount of trading was done in the spot cotton market after hours last evening, the result of which will be included in the daily market sales; but this morning the market opened quiet and distinctly heavy, for while factors were not willing to sell at an additional price, buyers evinced a marked disposition to hold off and await further developments, and refused to be tempted to operate freely even at offers of considerable advance ranging from 1/16 to 1/8 below yesterday's prices. The sales were 4,550 bales; prices less lower yesterday.

The market for contracts showed a fair degree of activity with the short interest in the near future. Those operators who went in on the long side of the close last evening in anticipation of a reaction in values today were sadly disappointed, for though Liverpool opened lower for spots and a partial 1/16 higher for contracts, giving promise of better things to come, they were not realized, the market showing a net loss on the day of 1/16 point.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, March 20.—A dull market on the spot has been reported today under unfavorable weather conditions, otherwise business of average dimensions. No change in any description of cotton goods here, and joint cloths continue dull. In dress goods fair business for fall done in staple lines.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

	Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Liverpool—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
New York—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Houston—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
New Orleans—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Savannah—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Galveston—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Norfolk—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Mobile—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Memphis—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Augusta—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Charleston—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
Houston—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	
St. Louis—Standard; middling 8 3/16.	

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stocks in New York yesterday:

	RECEIPTS	SHIPMENTS	STOCKS
Saturday	98	100	100
Sunday	100	100	100
Monday	100	100	100
Tuesday	100	100	100
Wednesday	100	100	100
Thursday	100	100	100
Friday	100	100	100
Saturday	100	100	100
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STORY OF ROLAND GIELOW YOUNGEST SOLDIER OF WAR

Son of Mrs. Martha Gielow, Who
Will Be Heard Tonight.

PRIDE OF TALENTED
MOTHER'S LIFE

One of the Finest Musical Events of
the Season Will Be the Appearance
of the Leipzig Orchestra in Atlanta
Next Week.

Blow, Lill' Breezes, Blow.

MAMMY'S baby's white as snow,

Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

My cum baby's coo an' fo'.

Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

My white horses for so far,

Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

Golden wheels an' golden trac,

Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

Golden sides an' golden back.

Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

MAMMY'S baby's white as snow,

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Blow, lill' breezes, blow.

The Key

to the Servant Girl
Problem and many
other household
enigmas

Found

in

Gas Stoves

Atlanta Gas Light
Company

gates from the various districts. Mrs.

Millan, secretary of North Atlanta

district, gave a report that proved this

district had made considerable advance

along many lines. Mrs. Clarke, sec-

retary of South Atlanta district, was

compelled by ill health to give up the

work she had so enthusiastically begun.

The district is doing fine work, and

advancing. St. John auxiliary is notably

prominent in new lines of work. Augusta

district, Mrs. L. S. Arrington secretary,

reported for that district, which by late

reporting a city missionary proves

progress. Mrs. W. C. Smith, secretary of

Elberton district, which is always in the

front ranks of good works, made report

for that district. Dalton district, work

was reported by its secretary, Mrs. C. L.

Deardoff, who can truly say the "right

thing in the right place." Gainesville

district report was read by Mrs. Atkins

of Norcross. This district has a sec-

retary who has done much for its develop-

ment along home mission lines. Rome

district was represented by Mrs. H. G.

Smith, of Rome. Mrs. Freeman, the

secretary, has organized in the district

three auxiliaries, and been active in good

works, which was shown by the report.

Oxford district work was reported by the

secretary, Mrs. W. R. Foote. No dis-

trict has done better work, considering

the small number of auxiliaries.

Mrs. F. P. Clarke read a paper, "Duties

of Auxiliary Officers."

Mrs. M. L. Eve's paper, "Inasmuch as

we have done it unto one of the least of

these, my brethren," touched many

hearts.

"The young people of the church," by

Mrs. John G. Logan, was well written,

and showed proof of much prayerful

thought of this important subject. Miss

Belle Bennett, president of the Woman's

Board of Home Missions, was then

introduced, and gave a talk on "Bible

Study." The magnanimity of such a con-

secrated life as Miss Bennett's is an

inspiration to the members. Miss Ben-

nett remarked that the society was much

in need of members, reinforcements from

the number not yet enlisted in the grand

work being done in our country to uplift

humanity and make comfortable our

ministers who are in mission fields; but

the greatest need, by far, was to know

more, by study, of the word of God.

The congregation was dismissed by

Rev. J. N. Snow. The afternoon prayer

service was conducted by Mrs. John G.

Logan in a helpful manner.

Mrs. Eakes' subject, "Duties of De-

legates," was just such good advice, and

just such words used as Mrs. Eakes, who

has been a delegate for many years, con-

ducted. The delegates' hour, conducted

by Mrs. Eakes, was very helpful. Master

McDermott, the delegate from Roswell

Jennings, was introduced as the only ju-

venile delegate, and gave his report. His

report was very helpful, and was joy-

ously received by the body.

Mrs. Clarke moved that a banner for

faithful service be given the Roswell

juveniles, which was carried. The church

at Easton has no home mission soci-

ety, but was represented by a delegate

who brought to the meeting a beautiful

silks quilt that the ladies of her church

had made to be sold for the benefit of

the church, which was being repaired and

which was needing funds. The quilt

was bought by the body for about \$40,



The Sun Crosses the Line Today.

This is, according to the almanac, the
first day of Spring, and we've opened a
new lot of real Spring Suits. The assort-
ment is very choice; we want your
judgment, as the patterns are a little un-
usual. Come in and express your mind.
Custom goodness in ready made. Prices
range from \$10 up to \$22.50 at both stores.

Eiseman & Weil,
3 and 26 Whitehall St.

Misses Daisy Yarbrough, of Virginia;
Lula Orr, Aime Mitchell, Ora Sue Mit-
chell, Nina Fuller, Lella Dent, of Newnan;
Emmie Ramspeck, Kate Carroll, Nan
Carroll, Lottie Ramspeck, Estelle Meri-
weather, Chapman, Lillian May,
Tanner, Florence Meade, Minnie Tidwell,
Eva Wilby, Grace Landrum, Lillian King,
Florence Gleason, Cole, and Messrs. W. J.
Allen, Cody Laird, Emmet Hight, C. B.
Rosser, Harry Krouse, William H. Hight,
Rath Powell, Ernest Powell, Paul Johnson,
Willie Hight, Robert Hight, John Hight,
Cone Maddox, Joe Cole, Albert Meade and
R. D. Fleming.

The luncheon at which Mrs. N. N. Go-
ber entertained so delightfully yester-
day was a compliment to Mrs. A. E.
Buck. The table decorations of spring
flowers were most artistic, and the menu
served was delicious. Invited to meet
Mrs. Buck were Mrs. George Dexter,
Mrs. T. E. Neal, Mrs. Edward Van Winkle,
Mrs. Don A. Pardee, Mrs. Lewis
Beck, Charles H. Hight, Mrs. Edward
Brown and Mrs. John Oliver.

Mrs. John Tullis leaves on Friday for
her home in Montgomery, Ala.

Lieutenant Hobson will be the distin-
guished guest at the young ladies' Easter
cotillion.

Mr. Falkner Heard, of Washington, Ga.,
is in the city.

Miss Frank Hiltzinger leaves this
week to visit her sister, Mrs. Tullis, in
Montgomery, Ala.

Miss Annie Louise Hawkins entertained
at a table last evening in honor of her
guest, Miss Camp, of Rome, Ga.

Mrs. Watt Connors spent last week in
Montgomery.

Miss Annie May arrived in Atlanta
last night and is the guest of Mrs. Emma
Bell.

Miss Jennie Dittler left last night for
New York.

Misses Fannie Crawford and Maud
Fuller have returned home after spending
the fall and winter months in school at
Washington, D. C.

Mr. John Walden left last night for
Macon.

Mr. Charles Phillips is in Atlanta for a
few days.

Mrs. Jefferson Maxwell, who has been
visiting her parents in Anderson, S. C.,
has returned to the city.

Miss Fowensett, of Savannah, is visit-
ing Mrs. Rosenberg.

Mrs. Morris Wolf, of Montgomery, is
visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J.
Regenstein.

Mrs. Rebecca D. Lowe is now in Ohio,
stopping at the Auditorium. She will
return to Atlanta at a later part of the
week.

Mr. Whit Collier left Monday night for
Palm Beach, Fla.

Mr. and Mrs. Gillespie, of Chattanooga,
are the guests of their daughter, Mrs.
C. H. Collier.

Mrs. Redus has returned to her home
in Birmingham.

The friends of Mrs. Warren Brown,
Jr., of Montgomery, who is in the city
at the Robinson's, are much im-

pressed to learn that she is much im-

proved.

Mrs. Sawyer, of Memphis, is visiting
her mother, Mrs. Frank Hancock.

Colonel D. N. Freeman, of Flat Shoals,
is in the city for a few days.

Mr. Hugh Young, of Louisville, Ky.,
is at the Aragon.

Mrs. L. Lanier and Miss Gabriella La-
nier have returned to their home in West
Point.

Mr. McVitt, of Philadelphia, is visit-
ing his daughter, Mrs. McKoon.

Mr. T. J. Shepherd, of Covington, Ga.,
spent yesterday in the city.

Mr. Fred R. Smith, of Palmetto, Ga.,
was in Atlanta yesterday.

Hon. W. A. Terrell, of Greenville, Ga.,
is in the city.

Miss Janie Hickey entertained deli-
gently at cards yesterday morning at the
Kimball. At the conclusion of the game
guests were: Misses Bessie Shaw, Stacy
Earnest, Douglas Gay, Sara Morris, Eva
Wilby, Alma Pope, Augusta Wylie, Kitty

Beautiful Display of Dress Goods.

The opening of the Kirkland dress-
making parlors on the fourth floor of the
Hirsch building was an event of no little
interest among the well dressed ladies
of Atlanta. Those who had the pleasure
of attending this opening were treated
to a view of the innumerable pretty
things that fashion has decreed for spring
and summer gowns. The charming par-
lors were a mass of loveliness and all
the visitors were delighted with the
many pretty and dainty ideas for ex-
quisite wearing apparel that were dis-
played at this opening.

There was shown an assortment of de-
signs and creations so dainty and green,
original as to satiate everybody's desire
for a spring or summer gown. The im-
ported novelties in laces and embroideries
were in keeping with the lovely chiffons
and lawns for which they were designed
to adorn. The new swisses in Persian
stripes and the tan and black Ecru

lures evoked instant admiration from all
the visitors. Black net over white paint-
ed chiffon was another of the novelties.
Net lace with lavender, yellow and green.
Voile in green, tan and blue pastel shades,
macerized lawn, embroidered Swiss ap-
plique, Persian and gold chiffon tucked
and the most striking novelties in light-
weight woolen grenadines over plaid silk
are a few of the importations that were
shown. Among the ornaments were many
charming novelties in chains and buckles
handsomely jeweled with pearls and bril-
liants. All are requested to call and in-
spect the wondrous things that are being
shown at these parlors.

Social Items.

The dancing party at which Miss Annie

Grace Mixon entertained last night was a

delightful occasion, assembling about fifty

young people. Jonquil and hyacinths

enhanced the beauty of the interior de-

corations of the hall and reception room.

An elegant supper was served. Miss Mix-

on received her guests in a beautiful

laid of pale blue silk trimmed in lace, and

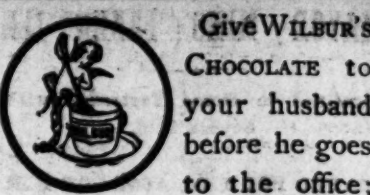
was a lovely and graceful hostess. She

was assisted in doing the honors of the

occasion by Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Maddox,
Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs.

Beaumont Davidson, Mr. and Mrs. Lella

Miss Lella Belle Fuller. The guests were



to your children before and
after school; and take a cup
yourself when tired with shop-
ping.

You can buy no better choc-
olate or cocoa than WILBUR'S.
Cocoa is chocolate without
the fatty part.

H. O. WILBUR & SONS,
Philadelphia, New York, Chicago.

THE GRAND

Friday and Saturday, March

FOR THE SPRING OF 1901

I am receiving and showing daily up-to-date goods in

STERLING SILVERWARE.

Silver Chatelaine Bags a Specialty. Call and see them.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW,

Jeweler,

22 Whitehall, Corner Alabama street

OPIMUM COCAINE-WHISKY
Habitual Opium and Whisky
addiction cured in 20 days. No
pain. No expense. No trouble.
Address: Dr. W. W. WOODLEY, 22 Whitehall, Ga.

TAILORING.

SPRING AND SUMMER SUITS \$15.00
and up.
Satisfaction Guaranteed.
A. M. SHOMO, Merchant Tailor,
534 North Pryor Street.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

CHINA PAINTING TAUGHT AT
LYCETTES.
You can paint your own wedding and
Christmas presents. White China and Art
Materials. 324 Whitehall street. Correspondence
invited.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND

and
Business University

ATLANTA, GA.
and graduates. Receive from 1 to 4 applications
daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Pupils en-
tering every day. Refers to Atlanta's business men
and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address: A. C. Biscoe,
Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Sullivan, Critchfield & Smith's
Business College
The Complete Business Course. Total Cost \$100.00.
Actual Business from start to finish. Most thorough
Southern day's a year. 200 graduates. Cat. free.

Cotton Compresses at a Bargain!

There will be sold at Port Chalmers, a
suburb of New Orleans, on Saturday, April
6th next, by the sheriff of St. Bernard Par-
ish, La.,

One Webb Steam Cotton Compress of 4,000
tons capacity. This press is of extraordinary
power, specially built of the best material
and workmanship. It has never been oper-
ated beyond a short test, owing solely to in-
sufficiency.

One Pierce Hydraulic Cotton Compress of
2,000 tons capacity, standard construction
and in good running order.

Also the complete boiler and steam plants
belonging to the above presses, with their
steam connections, boiler, feed, pumps and
heaters, smoke stacks and other appurten-
ances, all as installed, having been fully ad-
justed and will now be sold without appraisement
or limit to satisfy a vendor's lien, the title
and right of removal having been fully ad-
judicated in both the United States and State
courts.

For full information apply to The De La
Vergne Refractories Machine Co., No. 712
Hennen Building, New Orleans, La.

GA. ROUGH AND CUT STONE CO.

CONTRACTORS.

Street Work, Bridge Work, Cut Stone,
Quarries, Lithonia.

OFFICE, AUGUSTA, GA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857

PETER LYNCH

At 56 Whitehall St.

Dealer in foreign and domestic wines,
liquors, tobaccos and all such goods as
belong with a first-class liquor store. In
fact, it is called by a large number of
my customers headquarters for fine and
pure wines and liquors for medicinal pur-
poses.

Peter Lynch is also running No. 7 W.
Mitchell street as his great variety store
and is daily getting more and more es-
tablished as such. He has just received
a fresh lot of turnip seeds, also on hand
fruit jars such as Mason's metal top,
Woodbury's improved glass top and Mil-
ville and Woodbury's quart and half
gallons.

100 empty spirit and wine barrels, half
barrel and kegs. Terms cash.

COTTON SEED OIL

AND GIN MACHINERY.

Not in any Combination or Trust

Complete plants from 15 to 200
tons capacity. Special small plants for
ginneries. Cotton gins and com-
plete ginning systems.

F. Van Winkle Gin & Machine Wks.,
Atlanta, Ga.

OPIMUM

Morphine and Whiskey hab-

its treated without pain or
confinement. Cure guaran-
teed or no pay. B. H. VEALE,
Manager Lithia Springs San-
itarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

RED CIRCLE PILLS

WILL ABSOLUTELY CURE.

DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION

Without Nausea, or Griping or in any way
interfering with your daily vocation, your
money REFUNDED. 25 Doses 25 cents. Sold
by all druggists. Trade supplied by LAMAR
& BANKIN DRUG CO., and JOHN B. DAN-
IEL, Atlanta, Ga.

LUMBER

We Carry a Large Stock

of All Kinds of

Building Material

Get Our Prices. They Tell the Tale.

SOUTH GEORGIA

LUMBER CO.

O. STEWART, Prop.

62 W. Hunter St., Cor. Madison Ave.

Phone 532.

TO NAME NEW COMMITTEE

Fulton County Democrats To Meet
Friday.

CHAIRMAN HOWELL TALKS

Meeting Will Set Machinery in Mo-
tion for Creation of New
Committee.

The following call from Chairman Al-
bert Howell, Jr., of the Fulton County ex-
ecutive committee, explains itself:

"A meeting of the white democrats, who are
qualified voters of Fulton county, is hereby
called to convene at the Fulton county court-
house in Atlanta at 8 o'clock p. m., Friday,
March 22d, for the purpose of selecting a new
chairman and democratic executive commit-
tee, for Fulton county. Respectfully,
ALBERT HOWELL, JR.,
Chairman.

Atlanta, Ga., March 20, 1901.
On being sent yesterday in reference to
the call Chairman Howell said:

"This simply puts the machinery in mo-
tion for the creation of a new executive
committee to succeed that which has
served for the past two years and of which
I have occupied the position of chair-
man. A mass meeting will be held at the
courthouse on Friday evening and I hope
there will be a good attendance."

On being questioned concerning the next
chairmanship Mr. Howell stated that he
would under no circumstances be a candi-
date for re-election.

"You may quote me," said he, "as say-
ing that after having been chairman for two
years, serving four years, I am not will-
ing to undertake again the responsibility
of the position. There is no more great
worry about it, still my professional
duties require more of my time now
than ever before, and while the service
has been very pleasant to me during
the past four years, I would not under
any circumstances serve again if re-elected."

"The democratic party in this county have
been uniformly considerate and courteous
and there has never been the slightest
friction during my four years' incumbency.
No act of the committee has been
questioned at any time and the whole
committee has proceeded on the line that
its sole duty was that which was best for
the interests of the party. The record of
the past four years in this county bears
testimony to the good work of the com-
mittee. I am ready to turn over my af-
fairs to my successor as soon as he is
chosen and he will have my hearty co-
operation in every way."

POLICE MATINEE

and
Shots

Begs To Get His Liquor.

Hark, hark, the dogs do bark.

A beggar is coming to town;

He flaunts his rags to boost his jags,

For trouble he must down.

"This is John Grant," the recorder
said at yesterday's police matinee when
a white man, or a man who was supposed
to be white, dragged himself to the front.
The prisoner's garments were fluttering
about him like the wind-tossed raiment
of a last year's scarecrow, and his
tattered hat hung low over his battered
countenance.

"And this is John Grant," the recorder
repeated.

"What's left of him, your honor,"

replied the prisoner, as he winked at the
fat policeman.

"John is one of our chronic beggars,"
stated an officer, "and all the money he
gets by begging goes for liquor."

"That is about as low down a trick
as a fellow can be guilty of," remarked
the recorder, "this receiving money from
sympathizing charity and then blowing it
in for liquor."

"If your honor will permit me," said the
prisoner.

"Consider yourself permitted," the re-
corder replied.

"Then I desire to state," continued
the beggar, "that begging is begging any
way you may look at it, so what boots
it to be asked whether I beg for bread
or for liquor? It's my beg."

"Then I'll give you a point," broke
in Recorder.

"Oh, I know the cards are not run-
ning my way," said the prisoner.

"The point that I am going to make
will cost you thirty days in the city
chaining," the recorder said.

"We cannot tolerate such a thing as liq-
uor begging. Such conduct simply beggars
description."

"Judge," exclaimed John Grant, as the
bailiff led him away, "won't you please—"
"You can have anything of this court,"
called back the recorder.

A Life and Death Fight.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia.,

writing of his almost miraculous escape
from death, says: "Exposure after meas-
les induced serious lung trouble, which
ended in Consumption. I had frequent
hemorrhages and coughed night and
day. All my doctors said I must soon
die. Then I began to use Dr. King's
New Discovery for Consumption, which
completely cured me. I would not be
without it even if it cost \$5.00 a bottle.
Hundreds have used it on my recommen-
dation and all say it never fails to cure
Throat and Lung troubles. Regular
size 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at
all drug stores."

A CRAZED NEGRO'S MISSION.

Wesley Dean Imagines Negroes

Wish to Annihilate White Peo-
ple—He's of the Whites.

There is an old negro named Wesley
Dean confined at the police barracks,
who imagines that the negro race is try-
ing to annihilate the white race and he
believes it to be his mission in life to
save the white people. Accordingly he
goes about the streets cursing and abus-
ing all the negroes he meets. His com-
mon remark is:

"What fer yer tryin' ter mak' out yer
is better den de white folks, when yer
hain't nuttin' 'cept er passel ob low
down niggers jest lak I is."

Yesterday morning he was shipped to
the county almshouse, and last night he
was back in the city and begging a bed
at the police barracks.

For him and he will be sent to the asy-
lum.

Mexican National Not Acquired.

New York, March 20.—Charles H. Tweed,

chairman of the board of directors of the
Southern Pacific, said today that there
was no truth in the story that parties
representing the Southern Pacific had ac-
quired a controlling interest in the Mexi-
can National railroad, and that the lat-
ter property was to be operated as a part
of the Southern Pacific system.

MAYOR MIMS TAKEN ILL

Confined to Home Yesterday with
Severe Cold.

MAYOR PRO TEM. ACTS FOR HIM

Alderman Harvey Johnson Attended
to the Important City Matters
in the Mayor's Absence.

As the result of a severe cold, the
mayor was unable to be at his office at
the city hall yesterday, but was confined
to his home on Peachtree street.

Mayor Pro Tem. Harvey Johnson called
at the city hall yesterday morning and
attended to several matters of impor-
tance in connection with the mayor's
office. It is expected that Mayor Mims
will have recovered sufficiently today to
enable him to be at his office.

The mayor was taken ill on Tuesday
afternoon. He did not return to his office
after luncheon and Secretary Grasty was
notified that the mayor's condition was
such as to make it impossible for him
to be at his office during the afternoon.
Mayor Mims was to have presided at
the mass meeting of citizens interested
in the water bond issue in the fifth ward
Tuesday evening, but Alderman Johnson
attended to explain that the mayor was
not able to be out.

Mr. Johnson, therefore, represented
Mayor Mims during the meeting of citi-
zens. He stated he had called on the
mayor in the afternoon and found him
too ill to go out in the night air, and
that Mayor Mims had requested him to
attend the meeting in his stead.

SUIT FOR \$10,000 FILED.

Ella Raiford Brings Suit Against

Seaboard Air Line for Death

of Her Husband.

In the city court yesterday Ella Raiford,

through her attorneys, Arnold & Arnold,

filed suit against the Seaboard Air Line

Railway Company to recover \$10,000 dam-

ages for the killing of her husband.

The petition charges that on the 16th of

last month the petitioner's husband, Henry

Raiford, while walking over Bell-

wood avenue crossing was run over and

killed by one of the company's passenger

trains coming into the city. Negligence

is claimed on the part of the employees

on the train. The full value of the life of

the petitioner's husband is asked.

THE CHANGE OF LIFE

Is the most important period in a woman's

existence. Owing to modern

methods of living, not one woman in

a thousand approaches this perfectly

natural change without experiencing

a train of very annoying and some-

times painful symptoms.

These dreadful hot flashes, sending

the blood surging to the heart until it

seems ready to burst, and the faint

feeling that follows, sometimes with

chills, as if the heart were going to

stop for good, are symptoms of a dan-

gerous, nervous trouble. Those hot

flushes are just so many calls from

nature for help. The nerves are cry-

ing out for assistance. The cry should

be heeded in time. Lydia E. Pink-

ham's Vegetable Compound was pre-

pared to meet the needs of woman's

system at this trying period of her life.

It builds up the weakened nervous

system, and enables a woman to pass

that grand change triumphantly.

"I was a very sick woman, caused

by Change of Life. I suffered with hot

flushes, and fainting spells. I was

afraid to go out on the street, my head

and back troubled me so. I was entirely

cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta-

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